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AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

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Coffee Cultivation Has Given the Town a Boom.

SETTLEMENTS CROWING

A Dozen New Places Opened Up in Olaa.

D. Howard Hitchcock Ready for Art Exhibition - Hilo Needs a Wharf Badly.

#### [Special Correspondence.]

Hilo is in the throes of a boom. When I visited the second city 13 months ago I said coffee was in its experimental stage. I believe today that the pioneers in the industry have it practicable, and it may now be called family, which grows luxuriantly in Ina success. Whatever improvements are being made here are due to coffee. Sugar has not brought any more people to the district, nor has it added to the capital of the merchants.

cate prosperity in business circles, but one merchant told me today that the turn in affairs is due more to the fact that the people realize that better ac- in which it is imbedded, by the use of commodations are needed than to increase in business volume. I leave those who are familiar with the people on the Islands to judge whether or not any material changes would be made if there was not more than mere bark, and the probability is that the necessity behind it.

Take the hotel as an instance. It was not only that the old building had stood the sun and rains for 40 years the Indian Government are spreading they came to San Francisco. that it was relegated to the wood-information as to the best means of By the Contic on her last that it was relegated to the woodpiles of the inhabitants, but because an
increase of travel as well demanded it.

| Rhea fibre can be worked into a continuous properties of the continuous properties propert increase of travel as well demanded it. Rhea fibre can be worked into every agawa that seventeen Japanese labor-If any one thing more than another was needed in Hilo, at least in the opinion of sojourners, it was a hotel, and this opinion was communicated to durable than linen. There is a Rhea the people here. Look at the result! A Fibre Treatment Company, with headcomplete transformation has been quarters in London. made, and a visit to Hilo is made pleasurable to the extent that one may repose in a good bed, in a new hotel, provided with all modern conveniences and be sure of a good breakfast in the morning. The hostess. Mrs. Grant. is genial even as she says to the lateriser: "It's the early bird catches the egg." There's an air of cheerfulness about the place that makes the guest feel welcome and fills him with a de-

sire to remain. Messrs. Egan and Ragsdale, two young Californians, have just purchased the coffee plantation of Bashaw and Lund at the 22-mile post for \$18,-000. The property consists of 300 acres, 75 of which are planted and will bear next year at a profit. Some of the trees even now have a pound of berries on them. This is but one instance of new settlers coming into the coffee belt, and I am told that a dozen new places have been opened in Olaa during the past summer. Far back from the road, in some instances, the Japanese are doing well. Hoshina has a fine plantation, and others are more or less successful. These places, and those as far along the coast as Laupahoehoo, will cause new settlements to spring up and become feeders to Hilo, not as great, perhaps, but on the same principle as Leadville was the feeder that made Denver wax fat. Considerable interest is manifested

in the tour of Consul-General Haywood, C. L. Wight and Frank Dodge. Americans here are of the opinion that if coffee culture in Hawaii is reported upon favorably by Consul Haywood, people in the States will accept it as authoritative, rather than as a boom, and will be inclined to invest their money.

Kawaehae, and made the overland trip to Honokaa in a buckboard. They will inspect the various plantations as far as Laupahoehoe, arriving there about Tuesday next: then they will come into Hilo to catch the Kinau on her next trip and do Puna for about three days. Before or after Punaprobably after—they visit Olaa.

D. Howard Hitchcock will go to Honolulu on the next Kinau. He has 15 new canvases, ranging from 12x26 to may be considered "Of the French, minds one of Switzerland, or of the pears to him, he picks out what, in his monarchism. The Army of Hawai nage of 16,540. In brief, Nova Scotia League exhibition

Hillo in particular, has never been con- panies forming the army, or, rather, (Nova Scotia) Herald,

sidered a stronghold of the annexation sentimentalists. On the contrary, two Company E and Company F ists and Republicans.

as on the subject of a wharf. On the an unselfish spirit of American love whole, I think Hilo needs a wharf as of liberty. much as it needs annexation. On the arrival of the Kinau last night the water was low, and the passengers were sent in the small boats to Waiakea. The first boat grounded, and the passengers waded until the rocks were reached, then crawled overland to the The occupants of the second and third boats were, in this respect, more fortunate, for they succeeded in reaching the landing. It rained, though, and rained with as much vigor as on the evening of President Dole's reception to Senator Morgan, and the passengers experienced a genuine Hilo drenching for 20 minutes. For years Hilo has been calling out for a wharf. The last Legislature appropriated \$50,-000 with which to build it, and-Hilo still needs a wharf.

Hilo, October 14, 1897.

#### MONEY IN RHEA FIBRE. Australian Colonies Interested in the Plant.

Mr. Max Rowl will sall for Australia by the steamship Ormuz, with the object of negotiating with the various Premiers on the matter of the cultivation of rhea, a valuable fibre plant, in the Australasian colonies.

Hazell's Annual for 1897 says: The rhea plant is a variety of the nettle dia. From the delicate fibres in its bark the finest and strongest textile fabrics can be produced, and in the manufacture of such fabrics it is unrivaled. The hindrance to its use has hitherto lain in the difficulty and cost The changes that have been made in of separating the fibres frim the gums Hilo during the past 12 months indi- and cortex of the bark in which they are imbedded. However, an Anglo-Indian chemist, Mr. Gomess, has succeeded in elaborating a chemical process which frees the fibre from the resins zincate of soda; and this process, after numerous trials, the Indian Government has pronounced a complete success. According to an article in the Times of the 10th of August, 1896, a large demand has consequently sprung McIvor tried to slip in through Victoup for the "ribbons" or strips of dried industry may assume enormous proportions, and even rival the cultivation eral of Immigration Powderly will be of jute. The fibre may be produced in sent to Japan direct by the Gaelic, inpractically unlimited quantities, and stead of being sent to Victoria, whence fahric from velvets to laces It is specially suitable, from its light-

ness and toughness, for tents and ship canvas, and it is found to be far more

Mr. W. Soutter, manager of the Acclimatisation Society's gardens, has kindly supplied us with the following notes on rhea:

It is interesting to note that Mr. Max Rowl is on his way to Australia, in the interests of the cultivation of rhea. We are, perhaps, as well posted as regards its successful culture as Mr. Rowl, and except the visitor comes posted with the information as to how the fibre can be profitably cleaned and extracted, we shall be very little further ahead than we are now. That rhea can be successfully grown in the colony there is no doubt whatever. The Acclimatisation Society has for the past 15 years been growing rhea at Bowen Park with unqualified success, and during that time the society has distributed many thousands of plants of rhea along the entire coast-line of Queensland. There is, therefore, plenty of the raw material in convenient centers for Mr. Rowl to work from. and the society has a large stock to distribute as well. The difficulty hitherto has lain in the separating of the fibre from the woody tissue and the ernment have offered large rewards for an invention that will do the work successfully, but, so far as I know, the reward has never been claimed, no machine having been invented that gave full satisfaction. Of late years chemical science has been brought to bear upon the question, with the result that the fibre can be more easily senarated: but this is done at the expense of both the lustre and strength of it. It is to be hoped that Mr. Rowl will come prepared to teach growers how to prepare the product for the market, for there are hundreds of planters who are ready to grow rhea if the preparations of the Those gentlemen left the Kinau at fibre for the market is not too costly The Queenslander,

## HOLDING HER OWN.

Hawaiian-Born Americans Proud of the Republic.

George Parsons Lathrop says in Leslie's Weekly that Hawaii is undoubtedly one of the most remarkable instances on record of a small republic 30x36, new studies and good ones. The holding her own, with very slender young artist has departed from his military power, among the great famformer style and adopted one which ity of nations. In this respect she re-Frenchy," At the same time, it is an still smaller Republic of Andors in improvement, he pay more attention the Basque Provinces of Northern exact reproductions of nature, as it ap- a elf-governed territory free from 29,212, and now she has 171, with a tonopinion, is most pleasing. His new numbers only 800 ment but the ellips 258 vessels and 228,510 tons less, pictures will be seen in the next Art troop- are well equipped with modern New Brunswick 122 vessel and 192.043 The Island of Hawali in general, and oughly disciplined. Of the eight com- sels and 22,673 tons less,-Yarmouth mile

the feeling has been reported as lean- are regulars, always on duty and under ing in the other direction. The res- pay. Captain Broome was a regular son is not altogether plain to those officer, but declined to take any pay who consider but two parties as in pactering to serve gratuitously bethe field for supremacy. Annexation-cause he did not need money, and was chiefly interested in doing what The annexation opinion is as divided he could to aid the young Republic in

The six other companies are made up of volunteers, who receive no money compensation whatever, but are as carefully equipped and drilled as the regulars, and subject to a call to active duty at any moment. One of these ing from the regulars only in not being in service all the time and in not taking pay) is composed entirely of Kanakas-that is, natives of the Hawaiian race. This fact would seem to suggest that the Hawalians are not opposed to annexation.

Of course, there are many native Hawaiians who are white and are Americans. They were born in the Islands, as their fathers lived there long years ago. As I myself was born there I know something about the condi-tions. The American residents, most of them have made that country their home (but very generally have retained their American citizenship) have developed the country, have created its local prosperity, and have established a commerce of very large proportions between the Islands and the United States. When I was a boy there, all our people spoke and thought of the United States as "home," and there was never any doubt then that the little group so centrally placed in the Pacific must, in the end, become a part of the United States. That was 38 years ago.

### TO EVADE THE LAW.

#### Attempt to Send in Aliens by Way of Victoria.

A late Chronicle tells of an ingenious and presumptuous attempt to evade the alien contract labor law which has just been discovered and thwarted by Immigration Commissioner Walter P. Stradley of San Francisco in connection and co-operation with Consul-General McIvor at Kanagawa, Japan. Sixteen Japanese laborers who were denied opportunity to come directly to this port from Japan by Consul-General ria, were intercepted in San Francisco, and by direction of Commissioner-Gen-

ers had been refused Coptic to San Francisco because he had found in their possession labor contracts to be performed in the United States. Being refused passage direct they secured passage by the steamship Columbia to Victoria, B. C. Of this fact the Commissioner was advised. When the Walla Walla arrived recently from Victoria with nearly a hundred Japanese on board a very close inspection was made. Immigration Inspector A. H. Geffney, by close questioning and a comparison of names and other information in his possession, found sixteen of the seventeen Japanese who had been denied passage on the Coptic among the passengers of the Walla

Commissioner-General Powderly was at once put in possession of this information by telegraph, and today he wired instructions to Commissioner Stradley to deport them directly to Yokohama. Arrangements were made with the Occidental and Oriental Steamship Company for passage on the Gaelic, which sails from here September 21st. Yesterday the sixteen were transferred to that vessel and will remain aboard of her until they are

landed in Japan. It is unusual to make deportations to any other foreign port than that from which those thus deprorted came pulp. For many years the Indian Gov- to this country. But in this case the evidence was so clear and direct that the real destination of these laborers when they left Yokohama was the United States, and that going by way of Victoria was a mere subterfuge, that it was thought best to deport them to Japan rather than to Victoria, as in the latter event there is no doubt that they would seek some other means of entering this country.

It has not yet been learned who contracted for the labor of these men in the United States, but investigations are now on foot to determine that question.

The shipping of the maritime provinces, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island, continues to show a most astonishing decrease, and bids fair if the shrinkage goes on at the present rate to be practically wined out of existence altogether in another decade.. During the past 13 years the total tonnage has declined over one-half of the whole, or by 443,-226 tons, from 890,810 tons, in 1881, to 137,581 tons in 1896, both years included. In 1884 Nova Scotia had 3,019 vessels, of a total tennage of 513,835, while she now has only 2,661, with a tonnage of 315,325. New Brun-wick owned 1,000 vessels, with a tonnage of weapons and acconferments, and that Jona less. Prince Edward Island 60 yes-

## Written From Honolula on the Subject of Annexation.

### LOCAL SITUATION AS HE SAW IT

United States Must Occupy Pearl Harbor.

With Its Precipitous Shores the Harbor Can Easily Be Fortified.

While Senator Morgan was in Honoulu he wrote a letter on the subject of annexation to the New York Herald. Extracts of it were published in the local papers. We reprint it below

There is no active or organized opposition to annexation in Hawaii Some royalists naturally regret every step that leads to the dedication of the country to free self-government, which is now beyond reversal, and they excite the apprehensions of some natives that annexation will tend to their social degradation. But the effort and its results are insignificant. The less informed classes are free from political cares, and those of the educated classes are free from all jealousy to-ward the white race. Their desire for annexation is intense and earnestly patriotic.

They are American in the most deided form, without any tolerance of lations. How the United States can do Asiatic theories or forms of civilization. They copy nothing from the Asiatics, while they eagerly adopt the customs and manners of the Americans. If there is any actual controversy about annexation in the Republic the fact is not discernable in any open demonstration that it is at all important. A meeting at Hilo recently, in opposition to annexation, was a failure, the people taking no interest in it.

The settled and universal conviction is that this is an American question between American people, as it has always been in our dealing with it. Annexation to the United States, or a protectorate by our Government, are the issues to which all discussion is confined, it being agreed on all sides that the Islands will not have the settled prosperity and contentment they need and deserve if their foreign relations are to depend upon their naval power for security and freedom from agitation.

For want of metals and fuel the "sea power" of the Islands is far short of the importance of their agricultural productions and of their value as a of all denominations, and is called the commercial center and as a place of Union Church. The library is open rest and refreshment and for supplies and repairs for navigators. We can supply these wants quicker and more conveniently than any other country. and this fact must necessarily draw Hawaii to us "with hooks of steel" that no power can destroy. In this re spect our only rival is Great Britain, hrough the Straits of Fuca. Whatever country furnishes ships of

war and of commerce to Hawaii will meetings the members and their famifind here ample material for supplies and a body of native sailors that are not excelled in many of the best qual- of them driving six or eight miles, ities by any people in the world. This bringing their borrowed books in will be the nucleus of our supremacy satchels, bushel baskets, soap boxes in the navigation and commerce of the and other convenient and inconvenient North Pacific. As to the wealth and receptacles, and their lunches in paper power this will bring us. all commer- | packages, pockets and pails. The books cial history is full of narrative. If con-returned are examined by the officers jecture need to be indulged, the wild- and proper penalties are imposed for est fancy would become tame in the loss or misuse of books. presence of obvious facts that already are visible at Honolulu.

## VALUE OF PEARL HARBOR.

ca, there is no place on either coast, borrow, and piles them on a table beor in any island of the Pacific Ocean, side the president, who is now, exthat is of equal importance and value officio, the autioneer. This officer calls to commerce or naval power as Pearl off the titles of the books in rotation Harbor. The reasons are that it is adding after each: "How much am I central in the arc of the great circle, offered?" It is easy sailing at first, north of the equator, that is described No one bids on some of the books, by the coasts of Asia and America. It which have been in the library a few has the best climate of any port on years, but when the autioneer holds up either coast. It affords the best and "Beside the Bennie Brier Bush," cheapest shelter to shipping, and the Mr. B. and Mrs. C. want, the bidding least expensive ways for provisioning, starts, and before Mr. A. gets the new repairing, coaling and watering ves- volume he has agreed to return a good sels of any size.

reef, that is about eight miles from boasted that he would take a certain the shore of the harbor, in its inland book home with him, and his comstretch, on a direct line. The bay distrades, with many sly winks, quietly vides into three bodies of water as it raise the bids to the limit of prudence reaches inland, all nearly of equal size before letting him have it. On a numand depth. The peninsulas that thus her of occasions a husband and wife divide the waters approach the en-twhile separated by the eroy d, have un trance through the outer but the wittingly bid against each other and coral reef, within a distance of three paid a round sum for a book that the miles, and command it at obticly. In-| family has long been tilking about. but 111,719. Prince Edward Edand pos- Land, the shores of the harbor with One volume which described life to to composition and instead of making Spain which continues to this day a ressed 234 vessels, with a tonnage of their meanderings are included in a Ardersonville Prison brought more space shout an miles wide as will be than 85 to the treasury before it seen by consulting a chart of the har- worn out. This was two or three time bor. The outer bar is of coft corals, and its cost. After books have gone the early removed by pumping and the rounds and are well worn they are epace to be dredged is less than a half frequently sold at maction, and thus

All these questions are put at rost vate libraries

by the diedging of the same kind of a bar at Honolulu, not six miles further up the coast, and are no longer debatable. The work is of the lightest character of sea dredging. Both outside and inside this narrow reef the water is over 60 feet deep, and Pearl Harbor, from the bar to its extreme limits inland, is without any obstruction and is of sufficient depth for the largest ships. Five hundred sail could easily

be moored to the shores in positions of

perfect safety. Deep water is found all along the shores of the bay, all of which are perpendicular walls of stone. They could scarcely be more regular or useful if they had been built by skilled workmen. On the side of the bay next to Honolulu hills from the sea coast are from 100 to 500 feet high. Guns on these elevations would easily command the entrance to both harbors, while within Pearl Harbor and back of Honolulu the points available for harbor defense could scarcely be more advantageous.

The cost of land for these works will be what the United States chooses to give. It should be what a court and jury would award on a full hearing. The courts here are very high models of wisdom and justice. The channels of Pearl Harbor are all deep, with rock-bound shores that are perpendicular. A vessel can be moored at almost any place along miles of shore line and will be out of sight from sea, except the top riggings. The largest ship can easily turn around in the narrowest parts, while a dry-dock can be constructed at a low cost at many place in Pearl Harbor with walls excavated in the rock.

Commander H. E. Nichols, commanding the Bennington, is now completing the survey commenced by Admiral Walker. When his report is made the technical facts will appear, which present the outward summing as they appear to the eye of the ordinary observer.

Enough is obvious to the most unskilled person to create the firm conviction that Pearl Harbor cannot be excelled as a location for a naval station, or a great seaport, or a fortress in the sea, or as the site of great cities, or in furnishing beautiful homes for the industrial classes or for wealthy people, in a soft and temperate climate, where nature revels in the beauty of flowers and the richness of fruits and in the life-sustaining productions for the support of dense popuwithout this harbor—to say nothing of the other islands—is the question that this generation must answer at its peril. JOHN T. MORGAN.

## A UNIQUE LIBRARY.

#### Open Only Four Times Each Year to Its Patrons.

The Howard Library, of Gilmanton, Wis., is certainly unique, says an exchange. It has about 3000 books and an annual circulation of about 8000 volumes, and yet the library itself is open but four times a year. The library was founded by Sidney Howard in memory of his son, Knowlton Peck Howard, who settled in Gilmanton some time during the '50's, and who was killed fighting for the Union during the civil war.

The books of the library are kept in

a church, which is used by the people only four times a year-on the first Saturdays in March, June, September and December. At these quarterly meetings the members gather and return their borrowed books. The striking feature of the management of the library is its method of loaning its books. On the mornings of the winter lies begin to gather at the library, some

Then a business meeting is held, after which the loaning of the books begins, and there may be fun at any time.

Considered in a sense as broad as! Mr. A. brings up an armful of twenty the distance between Asia and Ameri- or thirty books, which he wishes to share of its cost to the common treas-The sea line of the harbor is a coraliury. Sometimes a rash young man has ment families have secured and the la

## NewspaperARCHIVE®

Proposal Said to be Brewing for Next Congress.

STATE TO BE CALLED SUPERIOR of these.

To be Taken from Michigan and Wisconsin.

Upper and Lower Peninsulas Are Now Widely Separated.

It is said in Washington, according to late dispatches, that the United States Government proposes to make a new State, to be called Superior, out of the upper peninsula of the State of Michigan. Grant Eldredge writes of the proposed new State as follows:

For many years, in fact, almost since scheme, under which it is proposed its admission to the Union in 1837, that as many families as would care to

its upper and lower peninsulas as well.

igan is a State of great climatic dif-ference. The climate of the southern ments to take as many as 1,000 in a portion is warm, but that of the north- year. An expedition was about to sail ern is rigorous. Take Detroit, which and orders had been issued for the thas a mean annual temperature of 48 degrees, and that of Sault Ste Marie, which is 40 degrees. This is a difference on heard, when for some reason, negotiations were abruptly endence of S degrees between the different parts of the State. Along the northern part there is a great deal of apple raising, but in the peninsula there are vineyards and, of course, the same agricultural laws cannot apply to both

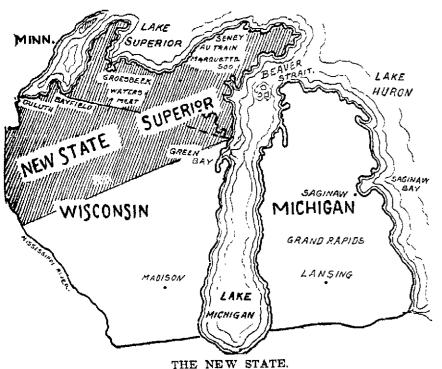
It is said that all the preliminary work of making this State has been in Hawaii proposing to emigrate, what gone through with and will be settled demands will be made upon Portugal gone through with and will be settled when Congress reassembles. The Congressmen of Wisconsin and Michigan are both said to be in favor of it, and is thought that there will be no diffisuch lobbying as must be done in Washington has already been attended

The new State is said to be one of the richest sections of the country out- for the Portuguese merchantmen who side of Alaska. It has every mineral sailed in wholesome fear of the pirthat is known, even gold having been discovered there. Its climate is healthy, its rainfall moderate and everything about it is beautiful.

FOR ANOTHER ISLAND.

Portuguese Have a Proposition to Emigrate.

(From Saturday's Daily.) Another Portuguese colonization



Michigan has been divided by Lake leave Hawaii may do so, will be published in detail in "Luzo" this morn-lished in detail in "Luzo" this mornyou will see that Michigan is cut in brewing for some months past. Very two a little more than midway to the little has been said about it by the pronorth. The upper part of the peninsula moters, except to certain members of above the lake is known in the State as the Upper Peninsula. The lower ent time when the plans have assumed part is the Lower Peninsula.

have felt that they did not receive the same attention and advantages as the people on the north, Lake Huron and come of an organization of Portuguese Lake Superior of the Lower Peninsu-la. Besides that, they claimed that they la. Besides that, they claimed that they ferent climatic laws and that, therefore, they should not be treated the uncertainty among the Portuguese of

same as the lower Michigan people.

To settle the dispute, there have been negotiations pending for some time to make this peninsula into a different State, and in order to give it proper size, to cut a slice off Wisconsin, this slice to be added to the pen-Now, to determine just what the

new State will be, to draw a line from Green Bay westward and a little downward, to the Mississippi river and were many others whose opinions cothen take all that lies above it as far incided with his, that they believed as Lake Superior, and you will have the new State of Superior as correctly would have no vote. He said no assuras can be drawn now.

State stands about the best chance of of them feared the future, and for this making its mark. It has Lake Superior reason were planning to leave. and Michigan on the east, on the south Wisconsin and Lake Michigan, and on listing conditions it is with great diffi-the west Minnesota, the Mississippi culty that the Portuguese were able to river and a little of Lake Superior.

of Kentucky, which it also resembles in shape. It is well watered by many field of labor in other directions is limsmall rivers and it contains a sea coast which is second to no other State.

haustible mining supply. It contains annexation. iron and copper enough, were its output fully worked, to supply the whole world, and its building stone is remarkable all across the country. Its permanent homes. The queestion of mining facilities make it a Klondike the future is constantly before them.

in copper. those of the Lower Peninsula, are very flourishing, and West Superior, which will be the metropolis of the new State, is considered finer in its possibilities than any other city of the Central

The way in which Michigan came to have an upper peninsula and the maninteresting. Michigan was the thir- be to their advantage to work the soil, teenth State admitted into the Union either as agriculturists, or as miners, and came in by act of Congress in Jan-There is gold in Taimoa and at the uary, 1837. It extended further south present time it is worked only by the its southern border was cut off and be and corn. The climate is similar in and that was Chamberlain's Colic, given to Ohio. A strip had also been many ways to that of Hawaii, though Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy." This Miter Michigan became fully settled as a State the Governor of Michigan made climate themselves to the island after and diarrhoes. It is pleasant to take at great fuss about these races that had their residence here.

The plan is to emigrate to Taimoa,

Of course, Michigan has been under an island about a day and a half steam-one Governor, but for a very long time ing from Batavia. The island is alone Governor, but for a very fong time ready well populated. It is the joint immigration was forcing a competition possession of the Portuguese and the which was becoming hard for them. Dutch. Its Governor is Portuguese

The plan for emigration is the outwere further north, and subject to dif- the chief reason for desiring emigration from Hawaii is a political one, the what their status will be in the event of annexation of Hawaii to the United States. A well-known Portuguese said yesterday, in conversation on the subject of annexation, that it was his belief that, should Hawaii become a part of the United States, there are but five Portuguese in the Islands who would become American citizens, and they only because they were naturalized citizens of this country. He said there ances to the contrary had been given Of all the States in the Union, this the Portuguese here and that many

This gentleman stated that under exfind work enough to support them-Besides this magnificent location, the selves and their large families. To State of Superior starts in with a population of nearly one million people. them the labor problem is a serious one. Work on the plantations in most Its size will about correspond to that cases is out of the question to the Portuguese with a family, and their ited. He made no mention of the probability of a rise in the scale of cheap Besides this, Superior has an inex- labor to the American standard, with

To the Portuguese in Hawaii, he said, there are many objections to the taking up of lands and establishing formerly his ward, the piece of land In Taimoa the conditions are different. Its cities, though not as large as Considerable correspondence has already been had with the Portuguese Governor of the colony, and he has offered sufficient inducement for the Portuguese to gradually leave Hawali. The Governor is in favor of the scheme.

He has promised that the emigrants shall not be without homes there, they ner in which it was divided is very will be provided for them, and it will than it now doe, and westward to the natives. But farming will probably be Missourt river, but owing to some po-fully as profitable as the mines. The products of the country are sugar, cofgiven to Indiana a few years before perhaps a little more rigorous. It is medicine can always be depended upon

was granted to him. This made a State (the negotiations for colonizing Delagon Islands.

that was separated by a great body of last year this was not considered adwater, but notwithstanding this obstacle Michigan has always ruled both stacle Michigan has always ruled both and there were fears that they would not be able to live there. Last year Another reason for making a new Portugal gave its consent to the coloni-State out of the peninsula is that Mich-zation of Delagoa. It had offered free

Negotiations have been had with the home Government in the present instance, and Portugal has consented to the colonization of Taimoa. The home Government has instructed Charge d'Affaires Canavarro, so the gentleman said, to ascertain from the Portuguese for assurances of a permanent residence or for assistance in transportation. It culty when once the island is reached. It is not unknown to Portugal. For hundreds of years the control by Portu-The lower Michigan people are said gal has dominated there. In the 14th to be in favor of losing their upper peninsula, because they feel that it is riod of Portugal's great commercial and no part of them, while the upper peninsular certainly feels that it should be great depots of the world. A independent. and there was a sure haven of refuge ates, the great devastators of the seas.

Because it is not sailing out into an untried sea, it is believed that many Portuguese in Hawaii will wish to emigrate. The same gentleman who gave the Advertiser information of the scheme, stated that it was believed that already there were at least a thousand Portuguese who would be willing to go. Much depends upon the demands to be made upon the home Government for transportation, should such demands be made.

At the same time, it is also possible that many of the younger Portuguese may not care to leave Hawaii. It is known that there are many Hawailanborn Portuguese who are confident that with annexation they will become citizens of the United States, upon reaching their majority. For this reason they may not care to leave Hawaii.

WOULD BE EMIGRANTS.

Hear Dispatches From Portuguese Government.

(From Monday's Daily.)

The scheme of emigrating to Timur Island has not been wholly formulated by members of the Portuguese colony yet. The Portuguese who had written to the Governor of Timur met at the Portuguese Consulate yesterday, in response to the request of Charge d'Affaires Canavarro, who communicated to them the dispatches received from the Portuguese Government, in answer to the petition from Honolulu to the Governor of Timur. This petition to the Governor asked for full particulars of the opportunities that the island could offer to such Portuguese here as had become possessed of the

idea of emigrating.

After reading to them the dispatches from the home Government, asking information on the correspondence, the Portuguese Consul asked the signers of the petition to the Governor of Ti mur to express their plans more definitely, so that he might communicate their desires to the Portuguese Government, according to his instructions.

The signers explained their position and gave their plans in detail. They said that under the present conditions in Hawaii they saw very little hope for the Portuguese. The Asiatic and other This competition was becoming ent in many branches. On the plantations the laborers were receiving wages which discouraged the man of large families, as it was insufficient for their proper support. For this reason they preferred going to some other country. provided they received good induce ments.

They also requested Senhor Canavarro to obtain from the Governor of Timur more definite information of the resources of the island and the conditions obtaining there, and what their condition would be, provided they emi grated. They also requested him to inquire from Portugal what encourage ment their plans would receive from the Portuguese Government.

It was proposed by the signers yes terday that two of their number go to Timur and have a conference with the Governor on the subject, and to exam ine personally into the situation. The wished Senhor Canavarro to obtain permission from Portugal for them to make such a visit, and at the same time to request the home Government to encourage emigration to some other Portuguese possession in Africa, provided the investigation at Timur proved that the opportunities were unfavorable.

Senhor Canavarro promised to communicate their petition and all the de tails to the Portuguese Government.

Supreme Court Decision. The Supreme Court decided yester-

day that George S. Houghtailing must which he took over to himself by securing from her a deed of the property. The ward was living in his family at the time of the transfer of the deed, and her claim was that she was not informed of the condition of her accounts which he had not rendered to the Court. The case was brought up on an appeal from the Circuit Court.

Those who believe chronic diarrhoea to be incurable should read what Mr. P. E. Grisham of Gaars Mills, La., has to say on the subject, viz.: "I have been a sufferer from chronic diarrhoca ever since the war and have tried all kinds of medicines for it. At last I found a remedy that effected a cure e aved the Portuguese can easily ac- for colic, cholera morbus, dysentery and never fails to effect a cure. For been out of and a to quiet him what the scheme as first proposed was to sale by all druggists and dealers, Bentrow known as the Upper Pennsula a to belagon Bay After the fallure of son, Smith & Co., agents for Hawalian



The young woman graduated from Vassar college with high honors and her associates admired her for her marked intellectuality and beauty. Now the fact that she had negro blood in her veins has become known and caused a sensation.

## Silesias, Sleeve Linings, Stiff Linen, Italian Cloth, Moleskins, Meitons, Serge, California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal. Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal. J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS AND PURE BONE MEAL.

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OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS, NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA. HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,

FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works are made entirely from clean hone treated with acid. Dry Blood and Flesh, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market.

The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation.

The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the California Fertilizer Works is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

A Stock of these Fertilizers will be kept Constantly on Hand and for sale on the usual terms, by

## Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

We have just received A supply of the

SPECIAL IMPROVED

# Aluminum Cane Knife JEW

Which we have had manufactured for this market. It is light, well balanced, and specially tempered.

The great success attained by the

## NEW IMPROVED Planters' Hoe

Gives us confidence to recommend this new Cane Knife. We have lately received a large supply of Carpenter's and Mechanics' Tools, Shelf Hardware, Portable Forges, Anvils, Vises, Road Scrapers; Stone, BlackSmith and Drill Hammers, Etc. Also alline of

## soledo Razor-Blade Pocket Knives.

Kindly call and examine our stock.

# PACIFIC HARDWARE CO., LD.

# Write for Samples And Compare Prices!

We have a country order department that will attend to your wants and save you anywhere from 25 to 50 cents on every dollar.

Are coming forward by every steamer and are being "Distributed all over the Islands,'

A single yard or article at whole sale prices,

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IN THE LATEST STYLES.

A splendid line of Flannels, Black and Colored Merinos and Cashmeres, Satins, Velvets, Plushes, Crapes, Etc.

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Clothing, Underwear, Shawis,

Blankets, Quilts, Towels, Table Covers, Napkins, Handkerchiels, Gloves, Hos-iery, Hats, Umbrellas, Rugs and

Carpets, Ribbons, Laces and Embroideries, Cutlery, Per-fumery, Soaps, Etc.

A Large Variety of Saddles.

Vieuna and Iron Garden Furniture, Rechatein & Seiler Pianos, Iron

Bedsteads, Etc., Etc.
American and European Groceries, Liquors, Beers and Mineral Waters,
Oils and Paints, Caustic

Oils and Paints, Caustic
Soda, Sugar, Rice and
Cabbages.
Sail Twine and Wrapping Twine, Wrap
ping Paper, Burlaps, Filter-press
Cloth, Roofing Slates, Square
and Arch Firebricks,
Lubricating Grease.
Sheet Zinc, Sheet Lead, Plain Galvanized
Irou (best and 3d best), Galvanized
Corrugated Iron, Steel Rails
(18 and 20), Railroad
Bolts, Spikes and
Fishplates,
Railroad Steel Sleepers.
Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

Market Baskets, Demijohns and Corks.

Also. Hawaiian Sugar and Rice; Golden
Gate, Diamond, Sperry's, Merchant's
and El Dorado Flour. Salmon,

Corned Beef, Etc.

For Sale on the Most Liberal Terms and at

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**DETROIT** 

WE are celebrating the successful introduction of "Jewel" Stoves and Ranges by giving purchasers out of Honolulu a special benefit of a Freight Rebate of 10 per cent, off the regular price of all our stoves: In addition to which you get the usual ς per cent. cash discount.

Our complete stock of 150 stoves, ranging in price from \$11 to \$72—with another 150 now on 'the way, comprises the following:

MERIT JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 4 styles, with Water Coil.

EMPIRE JEWEL RANGE. 1 size, 3 styles, with Water Coil; I size, I style, with or without Water Coll.

CITY JEWEL RANGE. 2 sizes, 3 styles with or without Water Coil, and with or without Hot Water

WELCOME JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MODERN JEWEL STOVE.

3 sizes, with or without Reservoir.

MESQUITE JEWEL STOVE.

2 sizes: No. 7 and No. 8.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®. NEWSPAPERARCHIVE® MANY CHANGES TO BE MADE good nature of such people.

New blood has entered into the man-

or Three Stories Will be Added.

New Man Talks on the Prospects **Encouragement of Tourist** Travel a Feature.

The managership of the Hawaiian Hotel will change today, when T. K. James, late chief steward of the O. S. S. Australia, and a man who has had many years of experience in the hotel business, will replace P. Lucas, while the latter, a trustworthy and most obliging man in every way, will have charge of the bar. Mr. James, in speaking of the matter to a reporter of this paper last night, said:

'When I came to Honolulu on the Australia it was with the intention of arranging, if possible, to place capital in the Hawaiian Hotel and of assuming the managership of it. I was not sure at first that I could come to the agreement in mind, but now everything has been arranged, my terms have met with cordial approval and I am here to stay as manager of the hotel. It is needless to say all the responsibilities of the managership of the hotel, as in other well-regulated places of the kind, will fall upon my shoulders, and no one, not excepting the other owners themselves, will have anything to say. This has been agreed upon in writing, and papers to that effect will be signed

"You can readily see that, owning part of the hotel myself, I will throw my whole soul into the work of bringing it up to the proper standing of a first-class place, and of remedying the defects that have been piling up for years. Of course, you will see, this cannot be done in a short time. There must be steady and systematic work. I shall take up my quarters right in the hotel, or in a cottage connected therewith. In this way I shall be available at all times, and can see personally to anything that, in the course of events, might happen to go wrong. Having said this much in regard to what I intend to do, it might be well for you to let the public know what changes are to be made.

"There are great and small changes on foot, but the former will have to be left until the fall, when the tourist trade slackens, and people will not be put to inconvenience by tearing up and adding on here and there.

"I have begun already to make some of the smaller changes. With me on the Australia came two experienced European cooks who have already taken their places in the culinary department, replacing Chinamen. By a steamer to arrive soon will come a first-class pastry cook to take charge of that part of the work. To cap the climax in the culinary department, the present wooden structure dignified with the name of kitchen will be torn down and a brick department put up in its place, this to be furnished with a large, new range and accessories,

soon to arrive. "As night clerk in the office will be placed a white man, so that tourists will have their dealings with one of their kind, instead of with a China-

"The whole hotel is to be cleansed. No more dirt and no longer any unhealthful conditions. Everything is to be sweet and clean, so that when one goes into the dining-room he may feel assured that what he eats is the very best, cooked in a cleanly manner, in a cleanly place and have the comfort of feeling that when he lies down at night he is upon spotless linen in an apartment that has been thoroughly cleaned and aired. Same rule will apply to the cottages. They are to receive equally as careful attention. Then as to the yard: well, just wait until you see the pretty plans that are in mind.

"Very soon the front verandas are to be widened, thus affording more comfort, both during the warm hours of the day, when the guests are seeking for cool spots, and in the evening, when on easy chairs they are whiling away the moments with fragrant cigar and pleasant converse.

"If you think that is all-we are going to do, you are mistaken. In the fall, when the tourist trade slackens, you will see two, or even three, stories rising above the present ones, and you will see elevators running up and down, with the boys in regulation caps and uniforms. That is another point that goes toward the make-up of a first-class hotel-abundant accommodations and a convenient way to get

"You have seen the fine hotels in the States? You are soon to have one here. New furniture will take the place of the old, and all things will wear a new aspect. Remember, however, that I want one point understood: The rates are to be raised and kept there. The public, both at home and abroad, is not to be decrived. We will give to our guests the very best, but they must expect to pay for it, just as they do in

any other country. "The object is to get the trade back again and to coax tourists to this lovely place, with its unparalleled climate They have been traveling into the Southern States and into Southern California. We want some of them to

NOW T. K. JAMES come out here, and they will, too, when once it is learned that a first-class hotel is in existence in Honolulu."

Those who know Mr. James and the success he has achieved in the management of hotels, will know at once that he means to do just what he says. What a comfort it will be to the public to feel that there is really one place in Honolulu worthy the name of a first-class hotel. People who are in the habit of frequenting such places will make no protest against money paid out when they find that they are really getting the very best of everything. It is the paying out of money and re-ceiving in exchange therefor something of an inferior quality that tests the

agement and arrangement of Hawaiian Hotel affairs. Every person on the Islands who has Hawaii's best interests in mind must needs lend hearty support and encouragement to the new regime. Let Hawaii have a first-class hotel and people from abroad, when they have learned of it, will gather in to give the place life and to set more money into circulation. This is the opinion of those who are looking to see Honolulu possess first-class accommodations for tourists.

#### TAX COLLECTION.

What a Kona Man Says About Hawaii.

A Kona resident called at this office last evening, and in the course of conversation, expressed a desire to see a change made in a method which, he said, is sometimes used for collecting taxes on Hawaii. It is his fear that unless such a change is made the collectors may be liable to serious injury. He said:

"As it is now, the deputy tax assessors and their assistants can stop a Chinaman or a Japanese on the road and demand from him his receipt. Of course, each and every one of the offi-cers has a right to do that. Now, what under the sun is to prevent a rascal who never saw the inside of a tax office from stopping a man in a lonely place on the road and demanding his tax receipt? This has been done many times and bogus receipts have been given to the poor fellows thus duped, for upon coming to a bona fide collector, just such useless receipts have been found on their persons. The letters that the tax officers carry around with them to show their authority cannot be read by the majority of Chinamen and Japanese. The only way I see to remedy the evil is to give each of the tax officers a badge. That will soon make the people know that authority is on the road.

"As it is now, the Chinese and Japanese here been fooled so offen by here

anese have been fooled so often by bogus collectors that they are beginning to put on a bold front and are giving the collectors trouble. It will only be a matter of time, if things are not changed, when some collector will be found dead on the road. The Japanese particularly are putting on an ugly

"I know of a thing that happened only a short time ago and while it does not bear on the tax matter, shows the mood that people are getting into the mood that people are getting into.
A native officer stopped a Chinaman on the road and asked him for his letter of release from the plantation on which he had been working. The Chinaman acquiesced very meekly and reaching down, began to undo his bundle. He jumped up again like a fach and neighbor 28 calibre revolver. flash and poked a 38 calibre revolver under the officer's nose, saying at the same time: 'There's my release. Do you want it?' The officer spurred up his horse and set out for home as fast as the animal could carry him."

## Still in Alaoa.

King Malietoa, of Samoa, says an exchange, is at present staying at an old Malietoa possession at Alaoa, where he sought refuge during the German campaign of 1887. His Majesty has about 20 men with him, and these are erecting several Samoan houses and clearing the bush, which threatened to destroy the plantations. Alaoa, though only about four miles from Apia, is little known, yet it is one of the most picturesque places in

## Indigestion Loss of Strength And Appetite.

The testimony of Mr. R. Dennis, Adelaide, South Australia, who was cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is like unto that of many thousands of others. He writes:

"It is with very much pleasure that I testify to the great benefit I received from using your wonderful blood-purifier. I was a sufferer for years from indigestion, loss of strength and appetite, and constipation. My whole system seemed to be thoroughly out of order. A friend finally told me to take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. I followed his advice, though feeling discouraged at the fruitless results of other treatment, and I am thankful to state that a few bottles completely cured me.'

The medicine that has cured

## others will cure you. **AYER'S** Sarsaparilla

Bewarn of imitations. The name - Ayer's Sarsaparilla-in prominent on the wrapper and blown in the glass of each hottle.

AYER'S PILLS A DELTLE PURGATIVE.

HOLLISTER DRUG COMPANY, LIMITED, AGENTS.



The frigate Constitution, the gallant "Old Ironsides," has been put into the dry dock at the Kittery many yard to be patched up for her trip to Boston, where she is to celebrate her hundredth birthday. Her live oak timbers are yet good, but her casing is said to be punk. It would cost \$300,000 to rebuild her so that she would be a lasting object lesson for coming generations of particle Americans. In her old fighting days she was the conqueror of the Guerriers, the Java. the Cyane and the Levant.

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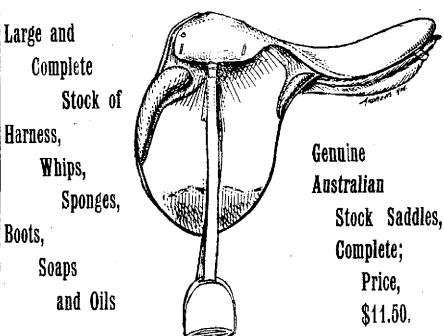
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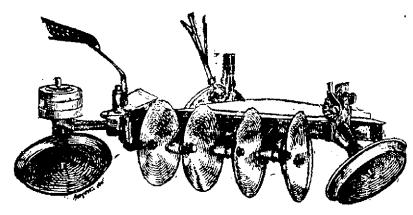
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## Manufacturing Harness Co. FORT & KING STS.

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WE GARRY AND SELL ONLY HARNESS OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE.



"Hilo Sugar Company. "Wai naku, Hilo, Hawaii, July 3, 1897.

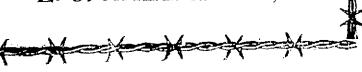
Manager.

"T. J. King, Agent, Spalding-Robbins Disc Plow, Honolulu: "Dear Sir:-I have used your Four-Disc Plow in plowing long rateon land, and it did its work very effectively, breaking up the land much more than our ordinary plows, and leaving it in better condition. JOHN A. SCOTT,

## Whether to Annex

A Turkey belonging to a neighbor will soon be the most important question to be settled by the American citizens of the New South. This being the case, don't you want a Bird Cage? We have received a fine line of them and can furnish you one for a very small sum of money, or can fit you out with a very fancy one. Breeding Cages, Parrot Cages, and every sort of a cage, at

E. O. HALL & SON, Ld.



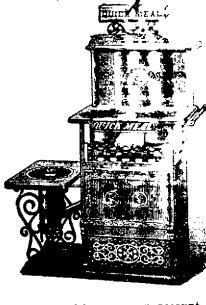


We Have Been So Busy of Late Selling the



And which we keep on selling, that the following facts have been temporarily thrown in the shade:

# New Process Gasolene Stoves



Are Preferred by many on account of

Little Heat. Quick Work, Perfect Safety,

Being supplied by drop feed. There are now in use on the Islands about ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTY-FIVE of these Stoves, without a single report

For the month of October, we will sell

At Cost!

A good chance for a bargain.



CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY The Famous Tourist Poute of the World.

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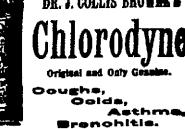
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Prompt Attendance to All Orders.

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FORT STREET. DR. J. COLLIS BROWNS



Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyme.

Vice-Chancellor SIR W. PAGE WOOD states, publicly in court that DR. J. COLLIS BROWS was undoubtedly the INVENTOR of CHLORODYKE; that the whole story of the defendance freeman was deliberately untrue, and he protted to say it had been sworn to. See Times, July 18, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne of accident.

Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of accident.

Is a liquid medicine which assuages PAIN of EVERY KIND, affords a calm, refreshing along WITHOUT HEAD ACHE, and INVIGORATED the nervous system when extracted. Is the Creat Specific for Cholera, Dyson-tery, Diarrhopa.

The General Board of Health, Loudon, more that it ACTS as a CHARM; one dose generally sufficient.

Dr. Gibbon, Army Medical Staff, Calcutte, states: "Two doses completely cured me diarrhose."

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlcrodyne Is the TRUE PALLIATIVE in Neuraigia, Cout, Cancer, Toothache, Rheumatism

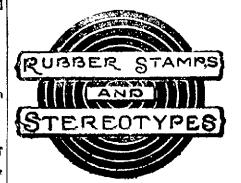
Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne Rapidly cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Spasms, Colic, Palpitation, Hysteria.

IMPORTANT CAUTION. — The label mense bale of this Remedy has given rise to many Unscrupulous Imitations

N.B.—Every Bottle of Genuine Chlorodyna cers on the Government Stamp the name of inventor. Dr. J. Collis Browne. Sol bottles 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d., by

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CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS for cure Gravel. Pains is the back, and all kindred complaints, Free from Mercury. Established upwards of 30 years. In boxes 4s. 6d. each, of all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors, The Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette (Semi-Weekly).

. Newspaper $\mathsf{ARCHIVE}^{@}$ 

SEMI-WEEKLY.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

OCTOBER 19, 1897 TUESDAY

THE NATIVE AND THE NEGRO.

Some extended inquiry among the natives, discloses their general and sincere suspicion that, in the event of annexation, they will be treated in social, if not in political matters, like the American negroes. The native and the negro are now, and will continue to be in America. But it is difficult to prove this to the native, because the proof lies rather in opinion ker, a half breed Cherokee Indian, than by demonstration. Recently Liliuokalani crossed and re-crossed the continent in the Pullman cars, negro ever reached his rank, nor with all of the privileges of the white traveler. We believe that the negro would not be permitted Cherokee Indians were the owners the same privilege of travel. She was entertained in hotels which refuse the negro any accommoda-

made in the American popular waiian. If the native compremind, between the negro, on the hends or realizes the important one hand, and the Indian and Ha- fact that it is not really founded waiian, on the other hand, cannot on color of any kind, he will disbe readily understood by the na-|miss his fears. tive, nor even by the educated Eu-

of feature. The same distinction there has been no friction. Thirty-five years ago, in the large States, in the event of annexation. Will they become voters, or will cities of the Atlantic coast, horse But is is foolish to criticise they not? And, what will they do? conquered the prejudice. Dr. the negro. Bagby, a noted Southerner, used to say, "we are vastly superioir to the nigger, of course, but when color line fast enough."

Northern States. He is excluded Atton, Illinois, only two weeks ago, negro children were excluded from the public schools. A girl in Vassar college, with so little negro blood, that it could hardly be detected, after three years' residence, has not been saved from dismissal, by a "charitable" act. The prejudice at the South against the negro is as strong, but of a different kind. One of President McKinley's negro postmasters has just been shot in Georgia, because he accepted the office.

The time has not arrived for a discriminating popular judgment regarding the negroes. They are all classed alike. The larger part of the race is descended from the low types from the Congo river. But there are thousands whose ancestors came from the hill tribes. They have their lips clear cut, even Greeian features, and overmatch the poor "white trash." From this class come the surprises, the men of ability. One of these. ried to a beautiful Traisb gul. to shid, some foundation would on less crouble. and though cordiall received by so not for higher a fruction subthe furnicus, was criticly ignor and calls ed by the Amere in residents. The Li the Louisiana Planter, the low rate of wages on the planta will ruin the party in the State, The Senator claims that the

race to which he belonged.

ESSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS average negro in independence of gun early. of the white girls to flirt with ples of vegetable life. them. More than one Indian made love to him. General Parserved with distinction during the war, on General Grant's staff. No could be expected to do so. Until the emancipation act, the of many slaves.

The causes which created the prejudice against the negro, do not The reason why a distinction is exist in the case of the native Ha-

But we see that the native confuses the social and political status. The prejudice against the negro In many ways, his social condition, lies not so much in color, as in and that of the white man, on these other matters, such as ignorance, Islands, has been distinct. But the lack of thrift, general reputation rights of both, under the laws, for uncleanliness, and coarseness have been carefully protected, and exists between white and white. native should realize it, that the The Irish bog trotter had hardly relations which he bears to the resia better footing than the negro, dent American population here, in town about what the Portuthirty years ago. These prejudices are the relations, which he will guese will do, in the near future. are not radical, but temporary. bear to the people of the United Will they stay here or clear out?

cars were "reserved for colored harshly the native's suspicions, repeople," owing to this prejudice. garding his future treatment, so ericans or Europeans would do un-But gradually the whites occupied long as the facts stand as they do der similar circumstances. That is, them. If you asked the conductor regarding the attitude of the Am-they will follow their own private why they did, he replied: "They'd erican people towards the negro. interests. They did not immigrate rather sit next a nigger than lose But some service may be done in in order to support the Monarchy five minutes." By 1870, the re-convincing the native that he is or the Republic. They came here servations were withdrawn. Trade not, and will not, be classed with simply to better their own condi-

## CHILD TRAINING.

in the course of time, rich niggers Education is called to the sugges- missionaries. They take no intercome, and they have daughters, our tions contained in a lecture de- est in politics, until they are out young white fellows will cross the livered in the Island of Jamaica, of a job, or there is danger of social by Dr. Morris of the Kew garden. disturbance and misrule. The Today, there is an extreme pre- regarding the cultivation of fruits, poor immigrant is to get ahead. judice against the negro in the flowers and vegetables, that they If wages are high, work abundant, required a certain amount of skill-and living to be had at reasonable from many hotels, restaurants, ed knowledge in the cultivators cost, the Portuguese, like other theatres, schools and churches. At He says: The work of training people will be perfectly content to agriculturists must be taught remain, under any form of Govtheoretically at least in the ele-erpment that protects them. They Already something is being done tical condition under annexation. in this direction by the Board of What they do wish to know is, how readers' have been prepared, the living. The idea seems to be about use of which will be compulsory that the Portuguese laborers are in all schools. These readers con-studying very closely the books on these cannot fail eventually to tion. raise the character of practical. They, like very many intelliagriculture in the Island, and ren-gent Americans do not know how

prejudice was not really against organ of the sugar cane interest in tions and the want of employ and they cannot hope to maintain Attorney General's opinion is not

the man, but against the ignorant the United States, is correct in its ment outside of the plantations, it, if he proposes to keep a "nigger"

country over two thousand miles value of grain is low. distant. It is true that the local demand for these articles is so to object, just as the Americans limited, that their cultivation on a have the right to object, to the large scale would not be profitable, standard of wages created by the unless there were a foreign market. Asiatic. We have trained the But the conditions must be younger Portuguese in our schools changed, and many of these arti-and by example, to more expencles be exported to, instead of im-sive habits of living, and they are ported from San Francisco.

this business lies, as Dr. Morris Any one who studies the situation says, in the very best horticul- must see that it may have a very tural training. It cannot be begun serious side to it, in the future. It too soon. Aside from the valuable annexation ends all Asiatic immipractical knowledge obtained, the gration, wages will undoubtedly mental training by object teach-rise, and the Portuguese laborer ing, must be valuable if the views will be benefited by it. of men like President Jordan are

#### PORTUGUESE EMIGRATION.

There is some idle sort of talk

They will do just what the Am-

tion, to get better pay, and a better living. For the same reasons other Europeans and the Americans are The attention of the Board of here. None of them are political ' Among other things, he said, main object in the mind of any mentary schools of the country, are not distressed about their poli-Education, and 'two Jamaica that act will affect wages, labor and cultivation throughout the Island, ance of the voting franchise. The In 1887, Mr. Craig furnished a truth is, that a few of them are invaluable text book on tropical terested in political affairs, but the agriculture, and it has greatly vast majority of them are much assisted in the teaching of agricul-more deeply concerned about acture in colleges and schools in quiring property. Whether they Jamaica and the other West India will remain or emigrate to other

Dr. Maxwell would, if request-ation brings high wages, or abund

statement that the triumph of There is foundation for it. At in such an important office. But it is character and not color beet sugar over cane sugar is mere-the same time, there are hun which draws the line. The Indian, by a question of time, the preparal dreds of these people engaged in of prejudice against color, which superior for obvious reasons to the tion for the change should be be-ranching, or in the cultivation of exists in America. They clearly coffee, who do not complain, and demonstrate to the native Hawai character, does not come within. The competitors of Hawaii, in arc prosperous. All agricultural ian that he has little reason to fear the color line. Here, again, pre the future will be California and laborers in these Islands, are suffer- discrimination against his race. judice does its curious work. The Mexico. With California, it will ing from the dependence of the Western people regard the Indian be a competition largely in the community on the single industry concluding that there is no preas a wild animal. The Eastern fruit trade. That State is careful- of sugar making. From any stand- judice against Hawaiian color people overestimate him. One of ly educationg her people to the point of political economy, it is a from the fact that many most estithe difficulties in maintaining dis- best methods of cultivation, and dangerous condition, and involves mable Americans and Europeans cipline in the large Eastern schools it is now proposed to train the violent changes. It hangs by the have married natives, with happy for Indians, is the persistent desire children in the elementary princi- har of a legislative act, which may results. Indeed, a person who has be cut in an instant, as it was once traveled far, and is well informed Our advertising columns tell a ent to our sorrow. The lack of on the racial question, has said, student has been sent away from curious story of the strangely diversified industries, makes the a New England farm house, where backward condition of some of the Portuguese largely dependent upplaced on very different footings he was learning the art of agricul-smaller industries. "Ex Australia; on this single industry also. If ture, because the romantic girls peaches, plums, oranges, apples, there is any shrinkage in this ingrapes, nectarines, lemons, celery, destry, every one will be "squeezcauliflowers, potatoes, cheese, roll ed." excepting those in the rice and is certain that no social standing butter, erab apples, quinces, oni- coffee business, just as in America ons." These are imported from a every one is "squeezed" when the

> The Portuguese have the right restless because the rate of wages The only way for success in has not been increased accordingly

> > emigration to Timur, will benefit vastly superior to them in behavior. the Portuguese. In these Islands Indeed, he is really superior in out they are close to the large Ameri-ward conduct to the majority of can markets, and to a great popula-|the white citizens of America, owtion which pays and receives, the ing to certain racial characteristics. very highest wages for labor. Emigration to the Westward means the late King Kalakaua, in personcloser competition with the mil- al bearing and social manners. No lions of Asia and India.

We are in a transition state. The Portuguese, together with other people, must wait, in the hope that a few months will bring us out of the clouds. Those Portuguese who believe that annexation will simply improve their material condition, will favor annexation. Those who are in doubt will simply do do nothing.

## THE "COLOR" QUESTION.

of any social standing. Her hus-posed to the scheme all about it.' Islands. Various agencies like parts depends entirely on that quest of the West and the East. Dr. gratitude of all those who believe There is no more striking instance empire. Instead of talking about of the fact that the prejudice the glorious Republic, he is a most der the people more capable than annexation will affect the labor against color in America is strictly indefatigable worker in the buildat present in responding to the re-conditions, and they are not willing confined to the negro, for the realing up of the commercial marine. quirements of the markets of the to take the opinions of men in sons we have before stated in these The building up of the commertown who "know it all." If annex- columns. The recent appointment cial marine, means, in America, by President McKinley of Demas, what it does in Great Britain, the from Washington city, a pure ed. prepare, no doubt, a suitable ant work, there will be no emigra- a negro, to the office of Naval offi- securing of trade and strategic outpany, when King Kala'cana seited the coung children. And if, with place, the Portuguese and the possible and the Bepublicans, although Demas stole and killed a sheep contrary The Portuguese complain of the McKinley that the appointment sheep.

These cases illustrate the form

The native is fully justified in that on the whole, the marriages of the whites with the natives here were as "successful" as the marriages of whites in America. This may be an open question. But it would be allowed to any white person, in this community, who married a negro woman. It might be grossly unjust to make this exclus-

ion, but it would be made. The black color is regarded in the States as an evidence of low intelligence, and social degradation. It is good evidence of it, owing to the natural inferiority of the negro, as a race, and, more than that, to the fact that the negro has just emerged from the degradation of slavery. But even this prejudice will gradually pass away, if the negro really raises himself morally and intellectually.

Many of the negroes have increased the violence of the prejudice against themselves, by their other agricultural product. grossly ignorant conduct in public It is quite doubtful whether an places. The native Hawaiian is No European sovereign excelled one will say that the late King acquired them. They were characteristic of the race to which he be-

## THE "DOCTORED" TARIFF.

The discovery of an interpola tion into the Dingley tariff bill, of a clause laying discriminating duties in favor of American vesnothing; and the most of them will sels, is making some trouble. The on Us Ranch, Ninole, Kau, which com-Attorney-General has at last given pare most favorably with the finest an opinion that the duties cannot be laid, but his reasoning is not very clear, and some of the journ-An Indian was recently appoint- nals call it a "Bunsby" opinion, ed to an office in Oklahoma, by which had no point to it. Senator President McKinley. The people Chandler has already apologized residing in the district when the ap- to his constituents for his want of pointment was made, fully ap-vigilance, in not detecting the alproved of it, in spite of the prevail-|teration of the law. But Senator ing opinion that some Indians are Elkins, on the other hand, says wild beasts. Several years ago, Dr. the Attorney-General is all wrong, Eastman, an educated Indian phy-and even if Speaker Reed says the sician, married Miss Goodell, of clause "slipped into the bill," he Massachusetts, not only noted for says it is just what ought to have her beauty, but well known to the been in, and he glories in it. He is a scientific fact. Every organ, nerve readers of the "Independent" and says: "It was meant for the ocean other journals of the higher class, what the tariff meant for the land. as a poetess of excellent reputa- I think it was American and for tion. Not the least objection was that reason I pushed it. This sist of lessons on plant life and political institutions, and are pro- made to the marriage by the country is bound to be mistress treatment of common objects of foundly impressed with the import- friends of the lady, on account of of the seas, just as soon as we get Dr. Eastman's color, which is very time to attend to it. I worked for similar to that of the natives in success (in quietly getting the these Islands. The marriage did clause into the law). Of course I not, in any way deprive the lady was not going to tell those op-

band was admitted, without ques- Senator Elkins is a strong antion into the refined white families nexationist, and is entitled to the Eastman is now a Federal officer. in the expansion of American black, was the manager of the primer on the subject, and arrange tion to Timur or to any other er in New Orleans has aroused posts. The Senator feels, like the China Merchant's Steamship Com- it in a way to meet the needs of place. If annexation does not take the most intense opposition among soldier in the late eivil war, who Shanghai in 1881. He was mar the instruction, object lessons were habitants generally will be in more a Republican and a good "work to orders. "A man who is risking er." The prominent I ouisinuallis life for his country has no time | In the best-in fact the one True Republicans have informed Mr. to look up the title to a measly l

an honest one, but dictated by a geographical section, whose interests would be hurt if the Dingley law is enforced. The incident shows how very practical the  $\Lambda$ merican politicians are.

The sugar beet craze now prevailing through the middle American States has been checked at Menominee Falls, Wisconsin. The farmers have large quantities of beets, but the men who contracted to erect the mill have failed to do so, and there will be a loss on the beet crop. The men who undertook to furnish the mill were ignorant of the business and neglected to inspect the successful factories in Nebraska and Utah. But it is said, that if the quality of the beets is approved of, local capital will quickly erect a factory, during the coming year. It is clear enough, that many mistakes will be made, in the development of this industry; but if there is any money in the business, there will be enough enterprise to push it vigorously. But the farmers will find that it is best to make haste slowly. The growth of this industry demands close watching. The beet growers of California discover that the cultivation of this crop is exhausting. The value of fertilizers must be added to the cost of the cultivation. Until this value is well defined by a wide experience, the profit in raising the beets will not be settled. The probabilities are, however, that in any event the profits will be equal to the profits of any

#### Yorktown Arrives.

The United States steel gunboat Yorktown, Stockton commanding, arrived in port and anchored in naval row at about 11 a.m. Saturday, after trip of 14 days from Yokohama. The Yorktown is of 1,710 tons displacement, has an indicated horsepower of 3,392, twin screws, 6 6-inch guns in the main battery, 4 6-pound guns in the secondary battery and 2 1-pound and rapid-firing guns. The Yorktown is a sister ship to the Bennington. Her officers are as follows: H. Stockton; Executive Officer, Lieutenant-Commander Winslow: Surgeon, Dr. Bailey; Paymaster, L. C. Carr; Lieutenant Lucien Young, Lieutenant Bell, Ensign Trant. The York town sailed from here November 21, 1894, on her last trip. She will remain here, awaiting orders as to time of departure for San Francisco.

## Kau Coffee.

Tom White, freight clerk of the Mauna Loa, has kindly left at this office a photograph of some coffee trees specimens of any coffee that has ever heen grown on these Islands. branch picked out at random there were 200 herries. The plants are only three years of age. It might be a matter of interest to know that the ranch received the name of "Us" from the fact that one of Mr. Searle's children said to him one day: "Papa, you go up to us ranch now.'

Bruce Waring & Co. will have a pavilion at Cyclomere Park. The judge's stand is just being started.

and muscle must be fed and nourished. It is the function of the blood to turnish this nourishment, and the quality of nourishment these organs receive depends on the quality of the blood. If the blood is

Pure and full of vitality it will properly feed and support the whole mechanism of the body. If it is poor and thin disease and suffering will be inevitable. The great success of Hood's Sarsaparilla in curing stubborn cases of scrofula, eczema, rheumatism, neuralgia and many other similar troubles, is based

# upon its power to enrich and purify the

This is also the reason for the great popularity of Hood's Sarsaparilla as a building up medicine. By making pure, rich blood, it gives vigor and vitality even in trying seasons, when, owing to impoverished blood, thousands are complaining of weakness and weariness, lack of energy and ambition, and that tired feeling.

Hood's PW:

HOBRON DRUG COMPANY.

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## TEACHERS

### Interesting and Instructive Program.

Maul's Pedagogues Looking for Improved Methods of Work.

#### [Special Correspondence.]

MAUI, October 16.—On Monday afternoon, the 11th, 20 teachers assembled in the Makawao School-house and held their second monthly meeting of the fall term. The program consisted of a lesson in sand modeling by C. W. Baldwin; nature study (the cactus be tagged. This done, an official report plant), by W. C. Crook; and "Aper- of the cows at each dairy found to be ception," by J. H. Nishwitz. This is affected could have been published. stated to have been one of the most interesting meetings held by the local

pedagogues.
The Wailuku teachers, also, have an organization, with J. A. Moore as president and Mrs. W. A. McKay as secretary. They meet twice a month alternately in Wailuku and Waihee. One meeting of every month is devoted to preparing teachers for the examinations. Mr. S. Keliinoi acting as tutor in arithmetic and geography, and Mr. J. A. Moore as instructor in grammar case. and reading. Other meetings are spent in class work. The average attendance at these meetings is 10, which is considered an excellent showing. The regular island convention of

Maui teachers is scheduled to occur on the day after Thanksgiving, in November. The Executive Committee in charge of the annual program are making preparations.

It is said that at the last Summer School in Honolulu 10 teachers from the different islands intending to take the next examinations for grammarschool certificates made an agreement that while making the necessary preparations for the examinations, each would specially prepare himself upon one subject and at the Summer School of '98 would act as tutor to the remaining nine upon that subject. They do this to be of mutual assistance. During last evening, the 15th, the

Kahului Social Club gave their first dance in the Knights of Pythias hall in the Custom House building. It was an apron and necktie party, and 16 couples of Kahului and Spreckelsville residents danced to the music of a stringed band until 2:30 a.m. The hall was prettily decorated with flags and bunting. Mr. E. B. Carley acted as floor manager most effectively. This is the first of a series of dances to be given during the winter.

The Wailuku people will not pro-test the last election. Kaai's Hana votes were in accordance with law, it has been found. Mr. Lyle A. Dickey of Honolulu was

on Maui during the week, and conducted a case before the Makawao Court. Ernest Ross of Honolulu departs for home today, after a pleasant outing in Kula and Makawao.

District Magistrate Noa of Makawao has been trying cases in Walluku re-

The Thursday Club met at Mrs. C. H. Dickey's, Haiku, during the afternoon of the 14th.

The steamer Helene is calling at Maui ports, in place of the Claudine. The Kula corn and potato planters amount of moisture is destroying their

Sheriff L. M. Baldwin has been in Hana during the week.

There is a report of a huge practical joke, which occurred among some prominent club men of Wailuku during the week. The story was something as follows: A gentleman returning from Honolulu Wednesday morning finds his favorite mare tied in his parlor; the furniture having been carefully removed. He retaliates by having a mock warrant served upon the per petrator. Then there is a farcical trial at the office of a certain livery stable and the sentence and finale was a champagne supper. All's well that ends

Trade winds and frequent showers are visiting the island.

## FIRST MEET.

## Season of Bicycle Races at Cyclo-

mere Park. Next Saturday afternoon the gates

of the new bicycle track will be thrown open to the public. The last few weeks has witnessed

hard training on the part of the racing the complaint of John D. Paris.

J. H. Fisher entered a plea for judgmen of Honolulu, and the faithful work done insures the admirers of cycling some exciting races.

Correspondence has been carried on for the last four months with crack riders in the East, and as a result, the Moana, due Thursday, will bring four, and, perhaps, five, racing men, whose reputation as fast riders cannot be The questioned. These men will come under a contract to compete in the races with the riders here, and to establish Hawaiian records which will rank favorably with the American, Austraaccount of the fact that the racing season will be over in the States that these men could be engaged to come but if the public take sufficient interest in the races to patronize them the management will, from time to time, introduce the very best talent obtainable and guarantee good, honest

amusement. From the manner in which the peo-ple have interested themselves in the boys' training, a large attendance is expected at both the afternoon and evening races.

Twenty-three large arc lights of 2,000 candle-power each have been so placed around the track and grand stand by the Hawaiian Electric Light Company that the park will be as light as day.

W. A. Wall has personally supervised the construction of the track from plans of the latest and most up-to-date on links in the States, are ideal. The Japanese laborers had been eating old ideas, and from a scientific point it is

perfect.

but trustworthy attendants.

Wall, Nichols Company have seats on sale for the benefit of those who prefer to purchase them ahead of time.

#### MORE PROTESTS.

#### Dairymen Do Not Like to Have Cows Killed.

Protests against the killing of dairy cows affected with tuberculosis are still being received by the Board of Health, and the fact that some of these bear the ear-marks of a lawyer's office gives ground for belief that there are complications ahead.

A plan was at one time proposed, which if carried into effect, might have done away with any protests whatever. it is said. It was that the dairy cows be tested for tuberculosis, and in the event of their being affected that they Not a cow would have been killed, but the effect on the public would soon have made the dairymen see the necessity of doing away with such animals.

However, the present system is a speedy one, and tends to give the public confidence in the work of the Board of Health. Among all the cows found by the tuberculine test to be affected with tuberculosis, they have not made a single error. The most careful and painstaking attention is paid to each

#### AKI ASSAULTED.

#### Second Cook of the Mauna Loa Strikes Chief Steward.

There was no end of excitement on board the Mauna Loa, lying at the Inter-Island wharf, at supper time Saturday, when Ah Lum, the second cook. struck Aki, the chief steward, with some metal instrument which he held in his hand, and caused a wound which will make an ugly scar.

It seems that Ah Lum is not fond of the head steward, and was wont to pick a quarrel with him at any time whatever. Things ran on in this manner until Saturday, when the assault was made.

It is understood that the trouble between Aki and Ah Lum is a matter of jealousy in regard to the position held by the latter.

#### Hospital Report.

"To the Trustees of the Queen's Hospital: "Gentlemen: We have the honor to

submit the following report for the quarter ending September 30, 1897.

"The number of patients at present in the hospital is 72, viz: 45 Hawaiians (35 males and 10 females), 1 Chinese, 4 Japanese and 22 of other nationalities, 24 paying. The number of admissions during

the quarter was 149, viz.: 80 Hawaiians (57 males, 23 females), 2 Chinese 20 Japanese and 47 of other nation-"Discharged 137, viz.: 70 Hawaiians

(44 males, 26 females), 5 Chinese, 19 Japanese and 43 of other nationalities. "Deaths 17, viz.: 12 Hawaiians (11 males, 1 female), 3 Japanese and 2 of other nationalities.

"The causes of death were: Cancer of mouth and throat, 1; fracture of skull, 3; gangrene, senile, 1; mesenteric abscess, 1; pancreatis, 1; paresis ; phlebitis, 1; pneumonia, 2; railroad don't wish any more rain. The unusual injury, 1; typhoid fever, 3; valvular 'The highest number of patients was

85; lowest, 61; daily average, 71; number of prescriptions, 463.

"There have been 15 major and 10 minor operations and 2 post-mortem examinations.

"The total number of patients treated has been 355, viz.: July, 131; August, 108; September, 116. "Respectfully submitted.

"CHARLES B. COOPER, "House Physician. "C. B. WOOD, "Attending Surgeon."

## Circuit Court Notes.

A. G. Hawes and George Lycurgus filed an answer yesterday to the bill of complaint of John D. Spreckels & Bros. Co., denying that the plaintiff or his grantors, or either his or their ancestors have had possession or occupation of the premises described in the plaintiffs' declaration for the 20 years next preceding the filing of the same.

Kealona et al. have withdrawn their demurrer and deny the allegations in

ment yesterday, in the case brought against him by J. M. McChesney, derying that the goods and chattels specified, except a certain refrigerator, were the property of Ezra Poppleton at the time when the defendant is supposed to have taken possession of

The Hawaiian Commercial and Sugar Company has brought suit against the Wailuku Sugar Company for some 6,000 acres of land to which there are appurtenant valuable water rights. The land in dispute is a portion of the lian and British records. It is only on Ahupuaa of Wailuku, Maui, and is now held in the name of Claus Spreckels.

Mrs. Eugene Reis has been appointed guardian of David Maikai.

An exhaustive report in the case of William M. Mahukua vs. Antone Rosa was filed yesterday by the Master Henry Smith, covering a period of 14 years of defendant's accounts.

## On the Golf Links.

Dr. Howard kindly invited a number of people to indulge in a game of golf in Punahou pasture Saturday afternoon. The day was a splendid one, with not a cloud in the sky, and the cooling breezes of Manoa sweeping away the heat the sun attempted to east down. The links, in the opinion of those of the party who have played land is rolling and plenty of chance fish and had become poisoned. Night

moters. Messrs. Desky and Weedon, the knolls afford excellent opportunibut to avoid any accident it has been ties for long drives. The people present deemed advisable to caution those who, waxed very enthusiastic over the play, attend in their private conveyances and are anxious for the formation of a against leaving their teams with any club. The kindness of Messrs Dilling-different aspect already. ham, Weirick and Parker was mentioned. Those present were: Dr. and Mrs. C. B. Cooper, Mrs. R. D. Walbridge, Mrs. Hugh Gunn, Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Adams, Mrs. Haywood, Miss Grace Clark, Miss Stansbury, Miss Henneghan, Miss Juliette King, Mr. Rohtbacker, Mr. Stickney, Mr. Andrews, Dr. J. H. Raymond, Mr. George Howard, Dr. Nichols, Mr. Lovekin, Mr. Rodgers. One round of the links was

#### Football Schedule.

At a recent meeting of football men in the basement of the Hawaiian Hotel there were present the managers of both the Regiment and Town teams, as well as several members. The matter of arranging a schedule of games for the season was discussed, and finally it was decided to write the name of each team on a slip of paper and to select some disinterested party to pick out two slips, the teams written thereon to play the first game of the season. William Love did the drawing, and pulled out the Regiment and Punahou teams. The following was then the arrangement agreed upon:

First game—Regiment and Punahou, November 6th.

Second game-Losers in first game to play Town team.

Third game-Winner of first game to play winner of second for championship. There were none of the Punahou

team present, but the schedule has been submitted to the management for approval. It is not likely that there will be any objection.

#### Chinaman Suicides.

A Chinaman, aged about 34 years, identity unknown, was found dead in one of the stables at Kapiolani Park yesterday morning. He had looped a hay rope about his neck, tied the other end to a rafter, and, kicking away pieces of lumber upon which he stood, soon knew no more of this earth. A boy discovered the body and telephoned to Police Headquarters. Captain Hookano and officers were sent out and returned at about noon with the body.

Six Chinamen, living on the park grounds, were called in to constitute the Coroner's jury. There were no witnesses, except those who went out to fetch the body. In the opinion of Dr. Emerson the Chinaman had been dead 12 or 14 hours before discovery. A verdict of suicide was brought in. The body was buried in Makiki. Positively nothing could be learned about the

### With Deadly Weapon.

Deputy Marshal Hitchcock was busy yesterday afternoon examining into the case of assault and battery of Ah Lum upon Aki, both of the culinary department of the Mauna Loa. The case will come up this morning, and the charge will probably be assault with a deadly weapon.

Aki, the head steward, when seen yesterday, said that the trouble was all about sugar. Ah Lum, the second cook, asked for white sugar for his coffee. He was refused, on account of the fact that this was needed for the passengers. Ah Lum said he intended heart disease, 2. Of the above 4 died getting off at some port in Kona, and within 12 hours and 2 within 24 hours the chief steward told him he could of admission.

This incensed the steward and and other property. He will be absent hence the action.

## Saturday's Baseball.

The baseball game on Makiki baseball grounds Saturday afternoon, between two teams of town boys, was begun too late to be finished. Only seven innings were played, and the game was called on account of darkness. The score stood 6 on both sides, so each team paid half towards the good time that came later on. The personnel of the teams was as follows:

First team—Dayton, c.; Jackson, p.; Harris, 1b.; Kaai, 2b.; White, 3b.; Vierra, ss.; Lawrence, lf.; Robello, cf.; Hassinger, rf.

Second team-Aiwohi, c.; Lemon, p.; Hopkins, 1b.; Gleason, 2b.; Gay, 3b.; Clarke, ss.; F. McGuire, If: Vida, cf.; J. McGuire, rf.

## Art League Notes

lohana Art League will be reminded of late been employed by J. L. Carter that the time draws near when their as a painter, in Hilo, has been arrestpictures are to be expected for the ed on a shameful charge. autumn exhibition. In the meantime the League as a whole will be invited Kau coffee plantations say that that to enjoy an evening of recitation which district will be the rival of Kona in a promises to be a very attractive beginning for the new year.

Those who have had the opportunity of hearing Miss Edna Kelley will know what is in store for them on this occasion, Thursday evening, October 21.

## Sun Insurance Office of London.

Bishop & Co. are the Hawaiian agents for the Sun Insurance Office of London, founded in 1710. This company is the largest and oldest purely fire insurance concern in the world, with a capital of \$12,000,000, and net surplus of \$8,000,000. Full particulars as to rates, etc., apply at the bank.

## CROUP QUICKLY CURED.

MOUNTAIN GLEN, Ark .- Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief.—-F. A. THORNTON. This celebrated remedy is for sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson, Smith & Co., agents for Hawaiian Islands.

According to John Wilson, the mysery of the Kaena Point ghost has been explained. It seems that a lot of the for skillful play is afforded. The fence mares and the hallucination of chok-The convenience of the public has running along the lower part of the ing resulted. No further trouble has been foremost in the minds of the pro- pasture forms a first-rate hazard, while been experienced.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

The hotel is beginning to wear a

It is said that the Hagey cure men are coining money in New Zealand. Breeding cages, pairot and canary cares in all the latest designs at E. O. H. H & Sons

H. Rice, Jr., will sail for Kanal on the M15 hala today. A "mit al Miller is a guest of Minister

Mrs. S. M. Damon at their home

ean yesterday afternoon. The many surf bathers at Walkiki

W. A. Wall, the surveyor, will leave for Kona on the Mauna Loa Tuesday to continue work in the district,

Vola Clair, the black stallion, for-merly owned by Captain Cluney, was sold at auction to Gus Schuman, Satur-

an expert grower on Tantalus as a place to grow coffee.

Tenders for the construction of a road from Hilea towards the Ninole homesteads will close on October 27th

on the new Pali road. tailed to examine into the condition

of the cesspools of the city. They started on their rounds yesterday. Good cattle are getting scarce on Hawaii, the island from which most

windows of the Pacific Hardware Company a sample of Sea Island cotton. grown on his experimental farm near Pearl City. Sealed tenders will be received at

L. D. Timmons exhibits in the show

vember 1, 1897, for the sale of Hawaiian Government 5 per cent bonds, to always on hand for rent. the amount of \$200,000. The office of Dr. A. J. Derby, den-

789. Office hours: 9 to 4. A special term of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Judicial Circuit, Judge

The engagement of Miss Lucy Hayselden of Lanai to L. M. Vettlesen, manager of the Hawaiian Hardware Company, is announced. Miss Hayselden is the daughter of F. H. Haysel-

and Coffee Company, soon to be sold, is staying at Haalelea Lawn. It is understood that a man will come down from the States soon to bid on the land of the company.

M. D. Monsarrat, the surveyor, went over to Waikane, this island, on the J. A. Cummins yesterday for the purand other property. He will be absent from the city about three weeks.

the three Japanese, convicted of the murder of an interpreter on Spreckels-The case was sent up on appearl from

It now turns out that in case enough money can be obtained, more than two commissioners will be sent to Washington to protest against annexation. At present there is only enough money for the two commissioners and the secretary,

in Honolulu from the fact that it has given great satisfaction. Other good makes of stoyes always in stock. Call for 1895 show a decrease of 17,000. The and inspect at the Hawaiian Hard- birth rate in France, which at the beware Company, opposite Spreckels' Bank, Fort street.

F. C. Lee, who was, sometime ago, convicted in Honolulu of breaking into a cigar stand on the corner of Beth-Art contributing members of the Ki- el and Hotel streets, and who has

very short time. Kau, as a coffee-grow-

## IN CHICAGO U. S. A.

Greatest Mail Order House in the World. MONTGOMERY WARD & COMPANY. 111 to 120 Michigan Ave.

WHO ISSUE SEMI-ANNUALLY THE MOST COM-PREHENSIVE **GENERAL CATALOGUE** 

# BUYERS' GUIDE.

ENERAL MERCHANDISE. orey subject, PilotoGraPHIC MATERIALS CHILDREN'S CANRIAGES, PROTS and SHOPS, CLOTHING, CLOAKS, DRINSES, BUCYCLES, GROCERIUS, HARDWARE, CAPERS, DRYGOODS, WALL FAPER, and BARRIERS SUPPLIES.

Any onnor all of these publications will be sent per trait agon application to dwellers in forcism land, including our "Hand Rook for Foreign Buyers." Sent in your request, induce your neighbors, friends and relatives to do so, and learn four limites a facility for Gling on has expedited by the minimum price. Soods Guneanteed as Represented or Money Refunded.

Montgomery Ward & Co., CHICAGO, U. S. A. III to 120 MICHICAN AVENUE.

W. P. Allen, O. P. Emerson and W.

on Numanu avenue. W. R. Castle and W. A. Kinney were passengers for Hamakua on the No-

Sunday were much disappointed, as there was hardly any surf,

. It is just a little over a month now until the arrival of the Frawley Company in the city. Then the fun will be-

day, for \$275. A gentleman in the city with some capital desires to hear the opinion of

at the Interior Office.

It is said that Mr. Bruner of Hawaii

came down on the Mauna Loa for the express purpose of inspecting the work Three police officers have been de-

come, and people may soon look for an increase in the price of meat.

the Finance Office until noon of No-

tist, in the Mott-Smith block, corner of Fort and Hotel streets, is now connected by telephone No. 615; residence.

Hardy presiding, will be held at Na-wiliwili, Lihue, Kauai, on Wednesday, November 10th next, at 10 a.m.

is the principal figure. bushes serve as weathercocks, as they Mr. Wait, manager of the Kona Tea invariably arrange themselves with their heads to the wind. July 1 and August 28 left the Pacific

The plan adopted by the Sharpshooters Company of having ladies shoot on their range at a specially-built target, is meeting with great favor. Several of the young society ladies will go down for practice this week.

The Supreme Court has decided that fruit and milk. ville Plantation, may have a new trial. the arid regions of the West with bromis inermis, a forage grass from the the Second Circuit Court on Maui in Russian steppes.

The Fischer No. 7 range is popular

The people who have visited the

## **NOT SO FAR AWAY**

## LEWIS & CO.

## Lewis & Co.

Awarded

Highest Honors-World's Fair.

Gold Medal. Midwinter Fair.

·DR

MILE

BAKING

MOST PERFECT MADE.

40 Years the Standard.

LEWIS & CO.,

ing district, has been laughed at. Only

a smile can be coaxed forth now, and

The Pacific Hardware Company,

Ltd., are in receipt of a supply of spe-

cial improved aluminum cane knives,

new improved planters' hoe, shelf hardware, etc. Call and examine the

new stock, as you are sure to find what

you are looking for in the above lines.

PERSONAL AND PECULIAR.

California is threatened with a la-

bor famine. The fruit-growers are cry-

ing for help at big wages and cannot

The Dean of Canterbury has given a

playmaker permission to dramatize his

'Darkness and Dawn," in which Nero

All birds when perched on trees or

By actual count 10,000 people between

coast for the gold fields of Alaska and

Kenesaw Mountain, Georgia, around

which there were weeks of furious

fighting in 1864, is now terraced and is

The designation earwig is a corrup-

tion of earwing, the insect being so

styled because of the resemblance of its

A French Physician who has been

investigating the proper nutriment for

long-distance bicycle riding has con-

cluded that the ideal refreshment is

The United States Agricultural De-

Pogue Bluffs, Me., has a citizen who

Belgian swindlers have been pasting

their transparent paper over the post-

age stamps they put on letters. The

paper took the postmarks, leaving the stamps beneath uncanceled.

Statistics of the French population

ginning of the century was 33 per

The Princess Louise is engaged in

sculpturing the figure of an angel with

outstretched wings, which is to be placed over the altar in the Prince

Henry of Battenberg Memorial Chapel

Generally speaking, the slope of the

beds of rivers flowing in to the Missis-

sippi from the East is, on the average,

about three inches per mile. Those en-

tering it from the west have an average

descent of about six inches per mile.

The average descent per mile of the

Missouri after it leaves the mountains

is reckened about a foot; the Des

Moines, from its source to its conjunc-

tion with the Mississippi, about 7.3 in-

ches. The entire length of the Ohio

shows a fall of even five inches. The

Mississippi, from the mouth of the Ohio to the gulf, has a fall of about two and a half inches.

has ordered the receivers of the Union

labor tickets at nine for 25 cents, good i

than \$2 per day, and the name of the

agents for Hawaiian Islands,

According to the Chicago Times-

thousand, has now decreased to 22.

at St. Mildred's.

believes in the educational and moral

influence of the press. He has ordered

a good newspaper sent at his expense

to each family in the town.

partment proposes to experiment in

the Klondike region.

covered with peach orchards.

hind wing to the human ear.

The trustees of the Lunallio estate

soon that, too, will disappear.

Agents, Honolulu, H. I.

Have rever had greater variety now letter quality of rise foods for the every dividible and for damen giving than now... The world pays tribute to the aesthetic tastes of the dwellers of Hawaii through

The price of a thing is generally what it is worth, competition requires that; the higher the price, the better the quality as a rule: price deesn't always guarantes quality, the reputation of the seller counts Send for our catalogue and see

what we can sell you. For instance our Lewis Hams and Bacon.

pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free We guarantee our prices as low as from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. the lowest and quality the best. Isl-In all the great Hotels, the leading Clubs and the homes, Dr Price's Cream Baking Powder holds its supremacy and orders solicited. Country customers are assured of paying the same prices as those resident in the city of Honolulu.

Intelligent and appreciative persons will

refuse substitutes, when they can buy the

riginal,

Tea is an article which is daily consumed by millions. Success In tea brewing can only be assured by using Lewis' Own importations of Ceylon-India, China and Japan Teas.

Send for our catalogue. Mailed FREE on application.

LEWIS & CO. Fort Street, Honolulu GROCERS.



Plays your own selection of tunes. Over 1,000 tunes to select from.

THE BEST MUSIC BOX MADE. We have just received a new involce of the several styles. Write for Cata-

## Wall, Nichols Company

SOLE AGENTS FOR HAWAI-

IAN ISLANDS. OUR REPUTATION

logue and prices.

For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches. when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every tinker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for

proper repairs. The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to

leave our workshop. You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory

to you. Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

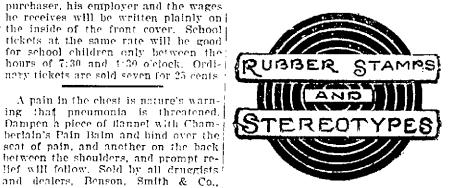
## H.F.WICHMAN

BOX 342.

## Pacific Well Boring Co.

PLANTATION AND LAND OWN-ERS, MERCHANTS and others who Herald, Judge Snow, at Saginaw, Mich., contemplate boring wells, will serve their own interests by consulting the Traction Company of that city to issue above Company.

Estimates furnished. Charges strictfrom 5:30 to 8 o'clock and 5 to 6:30 ly moderate. Faithful work guarano'clock. Their sale will be limited to teed. actual wage-earners receiving not more Tel. 665. P. O. Box 47%



NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

Engineering Says Look Out for British Interests.

FEAR DEFEAT OF CABLE SCHEME

Canada and Australia Interested in Hawaii.

Present Condition of Industrial Problem Has Some Difficulties.

Engineering, London, is studying the Hawaiian annexation question, and fears that the interests of Great Britain have not been properly discussed. In a recent issue it has the following article on the subject:

The proposal to annex Hawaii to the United States of America has not received the attention in this country which it deserves. When we compare the amount of discussion which has taken place on the subject in the Japanese journals, and the action taken by the Japanese Government, we might also come to the conclusion that Japan was a more important factor in the politics of the Pacific Ocean than Britain. Probably it will be said that in this particular question the interests of Japan are greater than those of Britain, but this will be disputed by those who have carefully examined the subject. When we remember that the Sandwich Islands afford the only available landing-place in the North Pacific for the all-British cable across the Atlantic via Canada and the Pacific to the colonies, and are also the only place of call in mid-Pacific on the highway of trade and travel with Australia, China, and the Far East; should the Panama or Nicaragua Canal ever be completed, these Islands would be on the direct route to Japan and China, and would form the only available coaling and supply stations with the Far East.

With regard to the British Pacific cable, it will become an impossibility if Hawaii is annexed to the United States, as it is quite impossible to stretch a cable from Vancouver to any island south of the equator that may be controlled by Britain without an intermediate resting-place, and the only one provided by nature is in some part of the Hawaiian Islands. Canada and Australia have a deep interest in these Islands, in fact, they occupy quite a unique position, which has been, to a large extent, overlooked by British statesmen, although those of America seem to be well aware of it. There is no wish on the part of the Japanese to annex the Islands or even to obtain any political control over them, but pletes one-third of the revolution. Th they feel that they have interests which must be safeguarded. Probably they through with over and over again have magnified their importance in orthree complete revolutions of the driving der to insure that they may receive

due attention. The threat of establishing closer relations with Great Britain, or of concluding reciprocity treatles with Canada and Australia, probably influenced the United States far more than the Japanese bogey, as the Executive must | twelve-inch rod. be perfectly well informed regarding the actual facts of the case. There can be no doubt that the industrial position in Hawaii at the present time is a most difficult one, and some of those who write on the subject say that there is no choice between annexation to the United States and industrial death. Some time ago the United States sent a special commissioner to investigate the conditions of labor, and says: his figures show that the natives are rapidly disappearing, and their places are being taken by Chinese and Jap-anese. Chinese fill the positions of storekeepers, clerks in the hotels, millmen, teamsters, etc. On the sugar plantations the number and nationality the large undertakings upon which of labor is by the last report 1,615 Hawaiians, 2.268 Portuguese, 12.193 she has launched in the sequel of the war with China. Count Okuma admi Japanese, 6.289 Chinese, and about 715 that victory came to her more easi of other nationalities, a total of 23.780. than was, nerhans, altogether whole The Hawaiians are the best workmen; the Portuguese today are considered the "bone and sinew" of the Islands. as the most industrious, quiet and peaceable; Chinese next, and the Jap-

anese last. The Commissioner does not seem to have formed a good opinion of the Japanese, who, he thought, were ambitious to become the owners of the plantations. He concludes his report by saying:—"It needs no words to paint a mental picture of what will become of these Islands when once the Japanese become the employers of labor and moneyed power. The planters would naturally dispose of their possessions and leave the field to the limits, and whose nominee Count Okuundisputed influence of the subjects of the Mikado, who would be monarchs of all they surveyed, and instead of the heritage of the Islands going to the American people they would go to the Japanese, forming a greater Japan." Probably these opinions are one-sided, and the fears expressed unfounded, but we would like to be assured that all the aspects of the Hawaiian problem have been considered by the British Government

## Probably Sake.

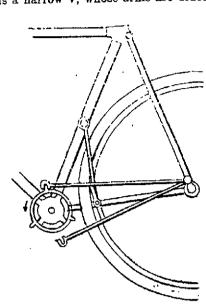
It seems that certain Japanese laberers at Kaena Point have been takted by spooks, or think they have creaties, and that if Japan's reason-Not long ago five of them had a big able proposals arged with due padinner and then laid themselves down lines and so its v. falled to commend choking consistent and awakened de bould not shrink from denouncing the A swift ball was thrown, and Tom got cloring that someone had shelved obteration. But territorial aggrantic his hand too far down along the bat, them. On the next night two more felt dizement has never so far as we The result was a sling.

but the others remained and no fur-ther trouble has been experienced. fect equanimity by his party. Whether the men had a joke played upon them by one of their number or the sake was too much, cannot be learned positively.

A CHAINLESS BICYCLE. One Process of Securing Motive

H. Tuttle of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, has recently invented a chainless bicycle that is attracting some notice. The New York Tribune contains the fol-

lowing description of the invention: There are two sprocket (or gear) wheels mounted on the same crank axle. Each bears only three teeth, equidistant from each other. The teeth of one wheel come just half-way between those of the other, if looked at from one side of the machine. Near each end the axle of the driving-wheel is bent up into a crank, having a throw of about an inch. One crank stands at an angle of 90 degrees from the other. Each has its own connecting rod, which is a narrow V, whose arms are braced



together, and which opens forward The front ends of these arms are provided with hooks, shaped to fit over the teeth of the sprocket wheel. The angle is just great enough to prevent both its upper and lower hooks on the same side touching the sprocket at the same time, and yet small enough to insure one taking hold soon after the other lets go. Viewed from one side the movement of each hook (relatively to the whole machine) is in a small ellipse, whose greatest length (for and aft) is about two inches. In other words, the up-and-down motion is no quite as great as the forward-and-back

motion. Now, what actually happens when the machine is on the road is this: The upper hook on the left side come down over a tooth on the upper edge of the sprocket with which it doe business, and is pulled forward about one-twelfth of a revolution. The upper right hook engages a tooth on its ow side just as the upper left hook lets go and is pulled forward another twelft of a revolution. By this time a toot on the left hand sprocket is just in th proper place to be caught by the lower left hook, which is thrust backwar another twelfth. The lower right hoo behaves in the same way, and com same series of operations is gon ing-wheel being produced by one of th pedals.

To reveal the arrangement more dis tinctly, only one sprocket-wheel an connecting rod are shown in the digram. Each connecting rod is hun from the frame of the bicycle by

MAIL'S CRITICISM Says Okuma's Enunciation Wi be Quietly Received.

The Japan Mail, commenting o Count Okuma's article on Japanese ex pansion and the future of the countr

In the last number of the Far Ea there appeared an essay from the pe of Count Okuma. Briefly speaking, purpose was to combat the idea th Japan is living beyond her means, ar that her resources are overtaxed she has launched in the sequel of the some, and that it created an industr and commercial stimulus stronger th the circumstances actually warrante but he is persuaded that the situation contains no really disquieting e ments, and that the country's futu may be regarded with hope and con

dence Count Okuma further declares that Japan has no desire to expand her territory. We are somewhat surprised to observe that the Count's views on that point are regarded by the Kobe Chronicle as likely to displease the "strong foreign-policy" party, whose leaders, according to that journal, look forward to the extension of Japan's territorial ma is supposed to be. We ourselves have never understood that territorial aggrandizement is a plank in the platform of the advocates of a strong foreign policy. The two fields in which the activity of those politicians has always manifested itself are Korea and ought to make the independence of the peninsula a paramount object, and in the pursuit of that aim. As to treaty

should shrink from no danger involved cieners should be granted no privirevision they used to insist that forleges other than those actually secured to them by the text of the existing

the same thing. Before proceeding, it must be stated that before retiring the men had seen quite a number of cups of sake. The men left the place, but the others remained and no fur-

## DAMES I FOR OFFICEREDED 1987

	RAINFALL FOR SEPTEM	BER, 18	897.
	(From Reports to Weath		eau.) Rain (in.)
:	Stations. HAWAII— Waiakea	50	5.38
3	Illio town	100 1250 1100	5.73 ° 7.71
}	Pepeekeo	100 300	$\begin{array}{c c} 6.08 \\ 6.16 \end{array}$
	Honomu	950 200	7.07 5.44 5.76
<u>.</u>	Laupahoehoe	10 900 400	<b>2.</b> 55
f 1	Ookala Kukalau Paauilo	250	0.65 1.10
1	Paauhau Paauhau Honokaa	750 300 <b>42</b> 5	0.76 2,40 1.53
	Honokaa	1900 700 200	1.67 1.69 1.52
	Niulii	350 585	1.58 1.64
1	Kohala Sugar Co	234 2720 1100	1.58 0.79 2.37
1	Kailua	950 1540	7.43 11.62 6.74
ı	Kealakekua Kalahiki Kalahiki	1580 800 1200	
ļ	Naalehu Naalehu	650 1250 15	1.54 2.51 0.44
	Honoipo Hilea Pahala	310 68	0.50 1.10
-	Olaa (Mason) Pohakuloa Walakaheula	1650 2600 750	.7.35 8.41
	Kapoho	110 10 650	5.99 3.32 7.44
Ì	Kamaili	8	3.61
١	Haiku Kahului	700 10	2.70 0.12 0.61
	Kaanapali	15 15 200	
	Hama Plantation	1800 60	3.80
re	Walopai Ranch Paia Puuomalei	180 1400	1.68
e	Haleakala Ranch Kula Kaupo (Mokulau Coffee	2000 4000	0.28 3.47
e e	MOLOKAI—	285	4.42 2.17
e, y 	Mapulehu	70 1600	2.11
e	OAHU	150	
k	Punahou W. Bureau Kulaokahua King St., Kewalo	50 50	3.41 2.77 2.67
n 1e	Kapiolani Park	50	0.19 3.23 2.05
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th he er	Kaneohe	. 100 . 350	$\frac{5.82}{12.67}$
rd ok	Kahuku Waianae	. 25	1.54
n- he ne	Ewa Plantation	. 60	$\begin{array}{c} 2.87 \\ 0.65 \end{array}$
in, V	Lihue (Grove Farm)	. 200 . 300	2.33 3.43
is	Hanamaulu	325	2.334.25
nd la ng	Waiawa	. 32	1.0
		HERTO	PUB
M			0.8
il	HAWAII—		6.8
or x	Kohala Sugar Co		1.7 0.7
гу	Kahele AUGUST		V.1
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it 1a n	Kapoho		5.2
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io io	n Kulaokahua		0.5
ur	Waiawa	J. LYC	0.6 NS,
ha te:	In Charge of We	ather B	ureau. 

A few weeks ago the editor was taken with a very severe cold that caused him to be in a most miserable condition. It was undoubtedly a bad case of la grippe, and recognizing it as dangerous, he took immediate steps to bring about a speedy cure. From the advertisement of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and the many good recommendations included therein, we con-cluded to make a first trial of the medicine. To say that it was satisfactory in its results, is putting it very mildly, indeed. It acted like magic, and the result was a speedy and permanent treaty revision. As to Korea, they cure. We have no hesitancy in recom-have persistently held that Japan mending this excellent Cough Remedy to anyone afflicted with a cough or cold in any form.-The Banner of Liberty, Libertytown, Maryland. For sale by all druggists and dealers, Benson,

While playing baseball Saturday afterneon Tom White, freight clerk of the steamer Mauna Lon, had the Hitle to rest. Toward morning they felt a demselven to foreign. States, she finger of his right hand budly smashed. bould not shrink from denouncing the A swift ball was thrown, and Tom got

## Your Stock

Will do better on FIRST-CLASS FEED.

## HAY AND GRAIN

**BOUGHT OF US** 

very best at the VERY LOWEST PRICES.

Runanu and Queen Streets.

TELEPHONE 121.

# Medium **Priced** Goods

Just arrived, a nice line of medium priced

Oak Bedroom Suites,

Down

Pillow Cushions,

[Any size made to order.]

Art Ticking for Draperies

## Upholstering a Specialty

we have chairs and tables of good quality, to hire for working with the working with the working with the content of the working with the work balls, parties or entertainments.

## J. HOPP & CO.

Furniture Dealers.

KING AND BETHEL STREETS.

# Metropolitan

No. 507 KING ST. HONOLULU, H. I.

and Family Butchers.

NAVY CONTRACTORS.

G. J. WALLER, Manager.

Highest Market Rates paid for Hides, Skins and Tallow.

Purveyors to Oceanic and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

# Brushes That Are Brushes

We have just received the largest importation of fine HAIR, TOOTH, LATHER and CLOTHES BRUSHES ever brought to this country.

For the past century the finest bristle brushes have been made in France, and today France turns out more firstclass brushes than all other countries together.

## Come Today

The complaint about Tooth Brushes looseing their bristles is a dally occurrence, and we have striven to overcome that by purchasing a grade of brushes that will not wilt and soften. We feel quite confident that we have obtained a line of Brushes that will give entire satisfaction.

## and Examine

dealer is anxious to give value for value, and that his interests are at all times considered in purchasing an article, he has thought wisely; and why not go one step farther and allow your dealer to advise you as to quality and choice? By doing so with us, your confidence will not be betrayed.

command a good price. Dupont's Brushes are Standard, and in price are as low as many goods much inferior in quality.

In quality and cheapness, we have no hesitancy in saying that our goods will suit you.

TIMELY TOPICS

October 15, 1897.

# Work Doesn't!

If you order five different articles from five different firms you have to listen to five different acknowledge ments. Why not save the time lost expense occurred, "work" that becomes "worry," by ordering from one house which believes sufficiently in the merits of the articles you desire to advertise them at prices reduced to suit the

# Meat Company FISCHER RANGES,

Are the best in the market, and we have a right to so claim, as all who have used them bear us out in the statement.

It's the "worry" of trying to make some of the cheap sheet-iron stoves and ranges manufactured do the work" claimed for the Steel Ranges. The No. 7 Fischer Range is built to relieve you of all worry and does the work in a rapid and thoroughly satisfactory manner. It's a money and fuel saver.

We handle other makes, known as the Olive, Bono and Pansy in three sizes, and they are household jewels. In larger stoves we have the Columbus, Nos. 7 and 8, and the Empire City. an excellent range for country hotels, restaurants and coffee shops.

We are not boasting when we say that it is a hard matter to find a better assortment of stoves of all kinds. sizes and prices than we handle.

286 FORT STREET.

# New Goods

# Warm Weather!

While in San Francisco we made extensive purchases of new goods suitable for warm weather and we secured them at low prices. Some of these lines have already arrived and we are offering them at prices which should win your patronage to us if we have not already had it.

## Fancy Swiss, **Organdies**

---AND----

## Muslin Dress Goods

From 10 cents to 30 cents when a customer learns that the per yard. Never sold here before at less than 25 per

The only garment which keeps the form perfect and Standard goods in any line always the health as nature ordained. These waists are now worn by many of the best dressed ladies of Honolulu. Marseilles spreads, new

design, from \$2.50 to \$12. New linings for organdies just received.

# | | | B.F. Ehlers & Co.



A Model Plant is not complete without Electric Power, thus dispensing with small engines.

Why not generate your power from one CENTRAL Station? One generator can furnish power to your Pump, Centrifugals, Elevators, Plows, Rail-ways and Holsts; also, furnish light and power for a radius of from 15 to

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## **COOD ROOMS USUALLY IN HOTELS**

Picturesque and Familiar Scenes In the Shops Along the Streets.

#### [Special Correspondence.]

EDITOR P. C. A.:-We left Yokohama September 23, having finished our touring to the north of that city, and planning now to visit Myanoshita, ients, sulphur springs, iron springs, Kyoto and Osaka before taking the are numerous. In this particular localsteamship Gaelic at Kobe for the Inland Sea, Shanghae and Hong Kong. As the competition of various steamer is conducted into bath rooms, having lines between Yokohama and Hong foundation walls of stone, but all else, Kong is greater than the amount of travel, the additional cost of a round trip ticket to Hong Kong beyond the cost to Yokohama is ridiculously small

we have had during our stay in Japan, and one of the many festival days of the Japanese. Yokohama streets were gay with flags, every store displaying the red circle on a white ground, fluttering from a bamboo pole, surmounted by a gilt ball. Many passengers on our train seemed to be leaving Yokohama for a day's outing in some of the seaside resorts. We wound our way around the city, going slowly at first, as men were at work on the track doubling its capacity. The sides of the hills, newly cut away, were being sodded, men on bamboo ladders, pegging long strips of sod on the sloping cut. The railroads in Japan are very substantially built. The stations are of uniform design. A graveled platform on each side of the road, elevated about three feet above the track, which nobody is allowed to cross from side to side, but must ascend tall staircases and so cross by bridges over the tracks. Equal care is taken with the telegraphs. Every pole is capped with a conical piece of tin, and has a wire for lightning conductor.

We left the main road at Kodzu, after a two-hours' ride. We transferred ourselves and our baggage to tram-

we have had in the different hotels. Corner rooms, with plenty of light, make life much more endurable than in dark inner rooms, during the many cloudy days we have experienced on this tour. In fact, every one says that this is an exceptionally rainy season. But with the thermometer at 67 degrees in the house, a sea-coal fire in the room is a necessity as much as a luxury. Traveling is not expensive in Japan. Railread fares are not high, 60 sen (30 cents) for first-class passengers 18 miles from Yokohama to Tokyo; 108 miles to Nikko for 3.23 (or \$1.62), 312 miles to Kyoto for 9.33 (\$4.61). Second-class fares are two-thirds of these rates, and third-class only one-third as much. Even in first-class cars smoking is allowed, except in a few, where there are three compartments and the middle one bears the sign, "No Smok-

jıya Hotel is as satisfactory as any we claim to be French cooks. Afternoon tea at 4 o'clock is served in the rooms; and if the Royal Hawaiian Hotel is to cater to Oriental travel this must be

one of the customary things to be done. The ride in the tram car past the

anese tailors in sewing seams held the cloth taut by a cord hooked into the fallowing now quite frequently. Among steam and held fast by the toes. Grain the many improvements, we notice Mr. and picking out specks. All sorts of Yours truly, HAWAII. vares were to be seen in the long street through which we passed, the stores for fish, or dry goods, or crockery, or honware adjoining each other in

strange confusion.

We find this hotel adorned with carvings in wood on the gable of the ortrance and along the eaves. In fact, this district of Hakene makes a specialty of inlaid woodenware, boxes, ta-Lles, chess-boards, and an endless variety of smaller articles to tempt the tourist to invest his superfluous silver or paper money. After various trials, the Government and capitalists of Japan have succeeded in giving the people a reliable currency. That furnishing paper money is profitable is evident from the statement in Saturday's paper that 4 banks declared over day's paper that 4 banks declared over 170 per cent dividends for the first half year, 3 over 50, 9 over 40, 12 over 30, 51 over 20. Japan is the country for cheap money; yet it does not make it the paradise for the laborer that some of our American demagogues assert that cheap money will for the poor peoble. The formulation of the first half the product of the first half the greatest of the Fabliaux and the greatest satire of the Middle Ages. All the actors are animals. The fox is full of wit and eleverness, which never fail to get him off, frequently as he merits punishment. At last, however, he is caught and about to be a constant of the first half the first half the greatest of the Fabliaux and the greatest satire of the Middle Ages. All the actors are animals. The fox is full of wit and eleverness, which never fail to get him off, frequently as he merits punishment. At last, however, he is caught and about to be a constant of the Fabliaux and the greatest satire of the Middle Ages. All the actors are animals. The fox is full of wit and eleverness, which never fail to get him off, frequently as he merits punishment. At last, however, he is caught and about to be a constant of the first half and the greatest of the Fabliaux and the greatest satire of the Middle Ages. All the actors are animals. that cheap money will for the poor peo-ple of the United States. One cannot but notice how many boys and how many old men are hard at work earning the merest pittance.

We are in a mountain region cleft into deep alleys—chasms they might more properly be called—in every direction. The mountain sides are not wooded, as a general thing, but are green with verdure that seems of little use for any other purpose. Warm springs, carrying various saline ingredity, immediately in the rear of the hotel, are warm springs that give the place its special attraction. The water tubs, floors, partition, of unpainted wood. The tub is filled full, and as you step in and lie down, the water overflows on all sides. You can in-crease the heat by adding hot water, or cool it off by turning on cold water As chemical analysis shows a little salt and soda, it is difficult to say what medicinal value there is. But Japanese have great faith in these hot springs They cannot imagine why merely pure mountain air and mountain scenery should induce so many foreigners to go every year to Karuizawa instead of flocking to strong-smelling, parboiling sulphur springs. It has proved a pleas-ant sojourn to myself here at Myanoshita. I have got rid of a troublesome cough, and found abundant time to rest and do nothing. Myanoshita, September 26, 1897.

HILO'S GOOD ROAD.

#### Great Improvement in Highways During Last Few Years.

MR. EDITOR: -One thing is evident, the present Government has done more for the roads of Hawaii since it came in power than have all the Kings and Queens that ever reigned in the Hawaiian Islands. The progress that has been made in the Hilo and Hamakua districts alone is a matter of astonishment and exceeds our wildest dreams. The parts of those roads that have been finished would be a credit to any country, and surpass in finish and durability, many, if not all, of the roads in the country districts of Amer-

These roads have changed the whole aspect of the country, and have won-derfully improved the appearance of verything, to say nothing of the pleasure which one gets in riding over them. Few people, I think, have any idea of the stupendous amount of work that had to be done on these roads, and they will probably be astonished to learn that 50 to 75 feet in height often had to be cut away around some of the more precipitous gulches before 16 feet, the required width of the road, could be got. I cannot pass without saying a word about the bridges. To one that often risked his life in cross ing the rickety concerns that formerly spanned these gulches, the improvement seems something wonderful, for in place of the former dilapidated wooden structures, one now sees almost everywhere beautiful iron bridges that are not only a pleasure to behold, but what is of more importance, safe to pass over. Hilo is another surprise to those who have not visited it for some years; the improvement here is something immense, and I do not consider it too much to say that the business has increased ten-fold in the last few years, while the value of property has gone up quite out of the reach of ordinary mortals. One of the new features of the place is the Hilo Hotel. This building is both spacious and beautiful, and well finished.

Hilo is a town of great activity at the present time, and evidence of progress, improvement and prosperity are everywhere seen. There are, however I am sorry to say, a few drawbacks to all this, and among them is the condition of the streets and sidewalks. The streets are certainly bad, but the side walks are the worst in the world.

The growing crops of sugar-cane of these districts are not looking quite as well as in former years, but the output for the last season surpassed, in most instances, all former records. This desirable state of things has been brought about by better methods of cultivation, better knowledge of fertilizers, and by better management, and the planters have, in consequence, been successful The sugar mills of the Hilo district have all been renovated, reconstructed and are in a high state of perfection; and, as far as the crushing of the cane is concerned, give splendid results.

The mills of the Hamakua district are not quite so far advanced, but most of them contain seven-roller plants, excepting the Ookala and Kukaiau mills. Some changes will be made in some of the mills of the Hilo district, and in place of the chemist devoting his time to one mill, as has been the practice in the past arrangements have been made for him to attend to several plantations. The new method of transporting cane by wire rope has proved a decided success, and will soon. The Lincoln AND Ministry Corp. proved a decided success, and will soon The drought which has proved so

#### THIRD LECTURE-

Given by Mlle. Boegli in the High School Yesterday.

In her lecture in the High School yesterday afternoon, Mlle. Boegli dealt with the popular Trouveres. After the performance of a tragedy of Aeschylus or Euripides Greek actors gave a short comedy or farce to re-move the unpleasant impression left hanged. He grows very penitent and will go to the Crusades if he is let live. He is believed and sets out; but before he is far on the way turns English minstrel and lives happly, caring little for the Crusades. A very interesting sketch of each of the great French writers of this period followed.

The great work of Poesie Allego-rique, Le Roman de la Rose, takes too great flights for us. All the abstractions are personified. It was the popular work of that time and, like Le Roman du Renard, was the work of more than one generation. Guillamue de Lorris, moffensive and well brought up, writes a tiresome allegory. About fifty years after his death Jean de Meung takes up the work and treats of many branches of learning.

#### Steamer Waialua.

The owners of the schooner Waialua, as stated in a recent issue of this paper, have not given up the idea of changing that vessel into a steamer. By the Australia, sailing October 20th, will be forwarded an order for the construction of an engine and boiler, to be gotten here as soon as possible. The work of figuring on the cost of the equipment has been left in the hands of Ned Everett, who will do the order-ing. When the Waialua has been turned into a steamer she will make two trips weekly to ports in the district bearing her name.



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is easy enough if you look for it in the right place. This is the right place to learn just what to do for that debilitating condition which warm weather always brings. Do you want to be cured of that languid feeling, get back your appetite, sleep soundly, and feel like a new being?

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in consequence. It was one of the few pleasant days

cars, and after half an hour's waiting, started off for an hour's ride along the village street, and then along the bank of the Hay a Kawa, "Hurrying Stream," to Yamoto, where the ascent to Myanoshita begins. For the remainder of the 12 miles from Kodzu, we rode in jinrikishas over such a mountain road as one finds in making a

trip to the White Mountains. But three coolies to each jinrikisha rushed us up to the Fujiya Hotel in an hour. The vehicles pitched and rolled as badly as the Kinau in the Alakahiki Channel, but we were welcomed on arrival by the host and his family, whom we left to settle with the coolies, while we sought the comfort of a pleasant corner room in the second story. The coolies were inclined to be impudent, asking money to buy sake. It is get-

ting to be more common than it used to be for these men to disregard the amenities of life, and make travel disagreeable by their demands outside of the regular tariff laid down by law. We have been fortunate in the rooms

ing."
We found at Karuizawa the Manpei Hotel very much like a country tavern in the States, yet we paid 3.50 (\$1.75) per day. The Grand Hotel at Yokohama is a regular American caravansery; the highest price for room and board is \$2.50 per day. This Fuhave found. The table is well served, the cooking is in dainty French style, and indeed the cooks at all the hotels

open fronts of stores and houses was interesting as giving glimpses into Japanese home life and work. Washing was done in the open streamlet that runs by the side of every Japanese street in the country towns. Instead of ironing, however, the wet clothes were spread flat on smooth boards, and left to dry, very much as handkerchiefs several plantations. The new method are washed and spread on window panes by some of our knowing women folk at home. The rude loom in which be in operation on three plantations. the blue homespun of Japan is woven was to be seen in some dwellings. Jap- disastrous to these districts, has, we inter.

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## A Recent Visitor Relates His Experiences.

Life is Generally Monotonous. Many Varieties of Birds and Fish.

When one is a child and sees a bird, the usual thing told him is: "Get a little salt and put it on the tail of the bird and you can catch him." Of course, the child and the others look at each other and think it a huge joke. Although this may be the case in most parts of the earth, it is not a joke at Laysan Island.

Leaving Honolulu on one of the ships bound for the island, after passing Kauai, Bird, Neckar and Gardiner Islands, you reach your destination in about six days, more or less. Bird Island, as seen from the ship, is a barren rock, with two hills not more than a balf-mile square. Neckar is a low island, and is more in an oval form, a little larger than Bird Island, but of not so high an elevation. Gardiner Island seems to be just one promontory out of the ocean and about the size of Bird Island.

Laysan Island, situated as it is-lon 171 W., lat. 25.47-47 N.—is a low, long Island, two miles by two and a half in width, with the highest altitude 29 feet above the sea. On first approach one sees large flocks of birds, which make a black streak in the air, above the island. This is surrounded by reefs. The harbor is on the southwest side. The island itself is only a large bank of sand, with a lagoon in the center. This is some three miles in circumference. There are 10 buildings upon it, including a light-house. There is also a rail-road a mile and a quarter long, which is used for carrying guano from the

Among the many things of interest which may be mentioned are first, the birds, of which there are millions. Among the sea birds found, there are the goonie (white and black), the booby, the man-of-war hawk, the tropic bird, the petrel, five or six species of the mutton bird, the coylio and several

be told of on this little spot are the and birds, found in no place on earth except on Laysan Island. They are the wingless or walking birds, such as the Laysan canary, miller bird, red bird, Pove bird and the Laysan duck. As there are specimens of all the birds at the Bishop Museum, it is needless to describe them here. There have been some 29 different botanical separations made of the few sparse patches of vegetation found on this desert spot. A kind of bunch grass is found all over the island. Then there are several brush woods which grow sweet-scented

Along the reef at low tide are numerous holes in which sharks are held. At certain seasons of the year these holes contain as many as 40 sharks piled one on top of the other, like sar-dines. At Laysan Island there is splendid fishing, and all the fish found in the waters about the other Hawaiian Islands are there in abundance. Among others may be mentioned the

sizes, from half an inch to eight inches long, and of a thickness from onewinds. In winter, however, the direction of the wind changes somewhat, and it generally comes from the northwest, making it exceedingly cold and

agined, dreary and quiet. There is however, no time to think of such at something to keep his mind busy. time for reading and then sleep. Sundays there is a little diversion. The workmen generally go out fishing and

water is used on the island, as there is no other fresh water.

Manager Max Schlemmer has braved the terrors of the solitude for the last four years, and does not seem to be any the worse for the wear. He is a typical island Governor, of whom we read, as he, in his 27 years of experience on the Hawaiian Islands, has turned his hand to almost every conzeivable trade.

of birds, are very scarce on the island. The next ship will go to "The Land of Goonles" some time in April. Until then, Max Schlemmer and family will he alone with some Japanese, who were

Prof Dr Schaueneland of the Bremen Museum, Germany, spent some two months there last year in scientific research, the result of which will he a book on Laysan Island.

There are no mosquitoes on the

## Y. M. C. A. Notes,

A letter asking M. V. Check of Te-Duringing of Conforms to take the place of assistant secretal of the Y-Thursday, after a meeting of the err

league. One has already been formed, with William Stone as the captain.

A bieyele rack to accommodate 18 wheels will be built soon and placed, on the from veranda downstairs. Attention is called to the short talk in the hall Sunday afternoon at the usual time. Subject: "Life—what will Hawaii ports today. you make of it " Speaker: Arthur B. Wood. Special music will be furnished. Pible class afterwards.

#### Ocean Currents.

The following "message from the sea" has been received at the Chief laborers for Hamakua yesterday after-Weather Bureau, Brisbane, Australia: "Current-paper set adrift from the steamer Alameda by Clement L. Wragge, en route to Paris, on August 12, 1896, eight miles from Apia, Samea, found by natives of the Laughlan Islands, between the 1st and 10th of Junin on August 21st, an April, 1897, on the north island of the bie weather all the way. group, British New Guinea."

### SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

### VESSELS IN PORT.

NAVAL U.S.S. Bennington, Nichols, Cruise. U. S. Gunboat Wheeling, Sebree, San Francisco, October 3.

U. S. Gunboat Yorktown, Commander Stockton, Yokohama, October 16.

MERCHANTMEN. (This list does not include Coasters.) Ger. bk. J. C. Pfluger, Haaver, Liverpool, September 27. Haw, bk. R. P. Rithet, Thompson, San

Francisco, October 5. Am. bk. Colusa, Ewart, Newcastle, October 6.

Am. bktn. W. H. Dimond, Nilson, San Francisco, October 10. Am. schr. Spokane, Jamison, Port Townsend, October 11.

S. S. Australia, Houdlette, San Francisco, October 12. am. bk. Columbia, Gore, Seattle, Wash., October 14. Am. bk C. D. Bryant, Colly, Laysan

Island, October 15. Br. bk. Aethelbert, Garriock, Junin, Chile, October 18.

### VESSELS EXPECTED.

Vessel: Schr. Jno. G. North, Frisco....Sept. Schr. Spokane, Port Gamble....Oct. Bktn. S. G. Wilder, 'Frisco....Oct. 14

#### ARRIVALS.

Friday, October 15. Am. bk C. D. Bryant, Colly, from aysan Island.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, from Maui and Hawaii ports. Stmr. Kaena, Parker, from Oahu Stmr. Mokolii, Bennet, from Lahaina,

Molokai and Lanai. Saturday, October 16. U. S. Gunboat Yorktown, Commander Stockton, from Yokohama.

Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Hawaii. Sunday, October 17. Stmr. Helene, Freeman, from Maui

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Kauai. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, from Kauai ports.

Stmr Mikahala, Thompson, from Kauai ports. Monday, October 18. Br. bk Aethelbert, Garriock, from

## Junin, Chile.

Friday, October 15. Stmr. Kaala, Mosher, for Kanuku

DEPARTURES.

Sound. Saturday, October 16. Am. schr. Lyman D. Foster, Tubbs.

for the Sound. Monday, October 18. Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, for

Oahu ports. Stmr. Kaena, Parker, for Waialua ports.

Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, for Ka-Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, for Lahaina

and Hamakua.

## VESSELS LEAVING TODAY.

Stmr. Mauna Loa, Simerson, for Maui and Hawaii ports, at 10 a. m. Stmr. Mokolii, Bennet, for Lahaina, Molokai and Lanal, at 5 p. m. Stmr. Mikahala, Haglund, for ports

on Kauai at 5 p. m. Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Thompson, for Nawiliwili, Hanamaulu, Kilauea, Kaihiwai and Hanalei, at 4 p. m.

Stmr. Kilauea Hou, Weir, for Honohina, Hakalau, Honomu, Pohakumanu

and Pepeekeo, at 4 p. m. Stmr. Helene, Freeman, for Lahaina, Kahului, Hana, Keanae, Hamoa, Haramaulu, Kipahulu and Paauhau, at 5

## PASSENGERS.

## Arrivals.

From Maul and Hawaii ports, per stmr. Mauna Loa, Oct. 15.—E. P. Dole, W. G. Walt, wife and child, Mas. Wallace Scott, W. W. Bruner, E. Lazarus, Mrs. K. Lazarus, Mrs. McWayne and 63 deck.

From Hawaii, per stmr. Noeau, October 16.-Otto Isenberg, C. M. Tai and four on deck.

Hou, October 17 .-- W. A. Kinney, J. C. tricts. Aschell and 10 on deck.

From Kauai ports, per stmr. Mikahala, October 17.- W. H. Rice, Chas. Rice, Mrs. M. S. Rice, Mrs. H. Isen-berg, F. laukea, Miss Ward, Mrs. Ka-vember in any year 10 per cent of the lihi Lovell, Alice Lovell, C. Schaefer and 18 on deck.

From Maul ports, per sumr. Helene, Petuber 17 L V Dickey E Ross C Taxes at said date, and shall become H Aki Miss Aki G Kaiser, Wm and be collected as part of such campbell W K Hutchinson, A Enos Taxes." and wife Sam Kee and child, R. Gard  $_{\rm cor}$  L/M. Vettlesen and 37 on deck

## Departures.

For Hamukha, per sime Nocau, Oc-Jugars W. R. Castle, W. A. Kin-A view exercise come of Asket half of D. H. Case, A. Anderson and J. W. J.

### WHARF AND WAVE.

The Hawaii is on the marine rail wav.

The Kinau is due from Maui and

The Yorktown will not get away for San Francisco for a month yet.

and will sail tomorrow at 4 p. m. for Ookala, Laupahoehoe and Kukaiau. The Noeau took away a large number of the recently arrived Japanese

The British bark Aethelbert, A. Garrlock master, arrived in port yester-day, 53 days from Junin, Chile, with a cargo of 1,215 tons of fertilizer for H. Hackfeld & Co. She sailed from Junin on August 21st, and had favora-

noon.

The Mauna Loa arrived from Maui and Hawaii ports at 1 p. m. Friday with her usual cargo and the following report of items picked up on the By the Government Survey. Published Plenty of rain in both the Kau and Hamakua districts; Honokaa stop-ped grinding; 1200 bags of sugar left in Kukulhaele; Kau cleaned out.

The American bark C. D. Bryant Colly master, arrived in port yester-day morning, about a week from Lay-san Island, with a cargo of guano for H. Hackfeld & Co. She experienced very rough weather while at the island. Messrs. Olsberg and Toellner, who have been on the island, have returned to Honolulu.

#### BORN.

TORBERT .- In this city, October 16, 1897, to the wife of James L. Torbert,

## BY AUTHORITY.

SEALED TENDERS.

Finance Department. October 18, 1897.

Sealed tenders will be received by the Minister of Finance until 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY, November 1, 1897, for the sale of Hawaiian Government Five Percent Bonds, issued under the provisions of Act 71, approved the 13th day of June, 1896, to the amount S. M. DAMON,

Minister of Finance. 4742-3t 1908-3tT

SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at the office of the Minister of the Interior until 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, October 27, 1897, for the construction of a road from Hilea towards the Ninole Homesteads. Specifications at the office of the Su-

perintendent of Public Works, and at

the Post Office in Hilea. The Minister does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any bid.

JAMES A. KING, Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, October 19, 1897. 4742-1t 1908-2t

## PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On Saturday, November 13th, at 12 o'clock noon, at the front entrance of Br. bk Kosciusko, Rodd, for the the Judiciary Building, Honolulu, will be sold at Public Auction, two tracts of Government land at Makolelau, Molokai, containing 784 acres each.

Upset price: \$450 for each tract. Terms: Cash, in U. S. Gold Coin. For further particulars, plan, etc. apply at office of Public Lands, Hono-

J. F. BROWN, Agent Public Lands.

Dated Honolulu, October 18, 1897. 1908-td

## SEALED TENDERS

Will be received at the Office of the Minister of the Interior until Monday, November 1st, 1897, at 12 o'clock noon, for the construction of a School House of two rooms at Holualoa, North Kona.

Plans and Specifications at the Office of the Superintendent of Public Works; also, at the Post Office, Kailua.

The Minister of the Interior does not bind himself to accept the lowest or J. A. KING.

Minister of the Interior. Interior Office, October 14, 1897. 1907-3t

## NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

The Tax-Payers are hereby notified that the Property Taxes for 1897 are their sale will afford an exceptional now due and payable to the Deputy Assessors of the several districts, at he times and places mentioned in the From Kanai ports, per stmr. Ke Au notices posted throughout the dis-

> Section 29, Act 51, Session Laws, 1896--- "If any Property Tax shall revember in any year 10 per cent of the amount of such Taxes shall be added by the Assessor to the amount of such

All Property Taxes not paid by November 15th will be delinquent

The Delinquent List will be probashisd after December 1st, 1997. JONATHAN SHAW,

4739-3t 1907-3t

## Notice to Ship Captains.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office, San Francisco, Cal.

By communicating with the Branch Hydrographic Office in San Francisco, optains of vessels who will co-operre with the Hydrographic Office by recording the meterological observahons suggested by the office, can have The Hawaii is in good trim again, forwarded to them at any desired port, and free of expense, the monthly pilot charts of the North Pacific Ocean and the latest information regarding the dangers to navigation in the waters which they frequent.

Mariners are requested to report to the office dangers discovered, or any other information which can be utilized for correcting charts or sailing directions, or in the publication of the pilot charts of the North Pacific.

W. S. HUGHES, Lieutenant, United States Navy.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD.

Every Monday.

	1	BAB	MC.	THERM		Ra		<u>.</u>		1	
DAY.	Oct.	9 a.m.	3 p.m.	Min.	Max.	8. III.	1.9 a.m.	Clouds.	Wind.	Force	
S M T W T F	10 11 12 13 14	30 01 29.98 30.07 30 14 30 11	29.95 29.92 30.05	70 70 70 70	86 84 84 81 82 81	05 04 83 03 03	79 68 74	8	ESE S-W NE ENE NE NE	2 2 2 3 4 4	

Barometer corrected for temperature and elevation, but not for gravity.

### TIDES, SUN AND MOON. H H Z C C S S K

Day.	Oct.	igh Tide Large.	igh Tide Small	ow Tide Large	ow Tide Small	ın Riscs.	un Sets.	oon Riees
	-					1	1 1	i i
Mon	18			a.m. 1 00	p.m. 5.28	Б 57	5.38	p.m 11.59
			8.m.		: !			i 1
Tues	119	10.90	2.24	<u></u>	6 00	5.57	5.32	չա ∣
Wed				n m	A m			8. m. 1
Wed	,50	11.27	0.04	16.0	4 10	3.00	ול מ	0.55
Thur		n m						i l
Thur	21	0.10	U.40	0.00	9.51	0.00	0.00	A, 40
Frid	22	1.01	1.20	7.24	6.56	5.53	5,30	2.45
	1 :	a.m.	D.m.			1		
at	23	1.58	1.46	7.47	8.02	5.59	5 29	9.43
nn	24	2.38	2.20	8.12	9.00	6.00	5.28	4.41

The tides and moon phases are given in standard time. The time of sun and moon rising and setting being given for all ports in the group are in Local time, to which the respective corrections to Standard time applicable to each different port should be made.

The Standard time whistle sounds at 12h. 0m. 0s. (midnight), Greenwich time, which is lh. 3m. p. m. of Hawaiian Standard time.

## MORTGAGEES NOTICE OF INTENTION TO FOREGLOSE AND OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of powers of sale contained in those two certain mortgages made by Antone Rosa to the Trustees under the will of William C. Lunalilo, daceased, the first of which said mort gages is dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in the Registry of Convey-ances in Honolulu, Oahu, in Liber 79, pages 208 and 209; and the second dated May 17, 1884, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 88, pages 186 187 and 188, the mortgagees intend to foreclose said mortgages for breach of condition in them respectively con-tained, to wit: the non-payment of principal and interest.

Notice is also hereby given that all and singular the lands, tenements and hereditaments described in said mortgages, and which are the same as described in each of said mortgage respectively, will be sold at public auction, at the auction rooms of James F. Morgan, on Queen street in said Honolulu, on Saturday, the 27th day of November, A. D. 1897, at 12 o'clock

The property described in said mortgages respectively are those three several parcels or tracts of land situate in Kalihi, District of Kona, Island of Oahu, and described as follows: 1. All that parcel of land known as

Ouaua, on the south side of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 8 in Land Commission Award 6450, to Kaunuchua no Mochonua, containing an area of 81 acres more or 2. All that parcel of land known as Kekuapalau, on the north side of Ka-

lihi valley, being the land described Apana 9 in Land Commission asAward 6450 to Kaunuohua no Moehonua, containing an area of 105 acres more or less. 3. All that parcel of land known as Pohakuawaawa at or near the head

of Kalihi valley, being the land described as Apana 10 in Land Commis-Moehonua, containing an area of 326 acres more or less. All of which parcels or tracts of land being the same as described in deed from D. K. Fyfe, the Commissioner to

sell the real estate of W. L. Moehonua, to said Antone Rosa, dated December 13, 1882, and recorded in said Registry in Liber 79, pages 206, 207 and 208. The above described tracts of land are adjacent to the city of Honolulu, and being well suited to the cultivation of coffee as well as other products,

opportunity for the purchase of such land within easy access from Hono-Terms cash. Deeds at the expense of purchasers.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, MARY S. PARKER, HENRY WATERHOUSE, Trustees under will of W. C. Luna-

lilo, deceased. Honolulu, October 16, 1897. For further particulars inquire of William O Smith, at his office, on Fort

street, Honolulu.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

4741-3t 1908-4w

Spencer, hereby gives notice to all perof said deceased, to present the same price, duly nuthenticated at her place of Hor abode in Walmea, South Kohala, Isl-

# Pacific Mail Steamship Co.

# Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co.

Steamers of the above companies will call at Honolulu and leave this port on or about the dates below mentioned.

FOR SAN	FRANCISCO:	FOR	JAPAN	AND	CHINA:
PERU	Oct. 22	CHINA			Oct. 28
COPTIC	Oct. 30	BELGIC			Nov. 6
RIO DE JANEIRO	Nov. 9	COPTIC			Nov. 25
GAELIC	Nov. 19	RIO DE JA	NEIRO		Dec. 4
DORIC	Dec. 10	CITY OF P	EKING		Dec. 25
CHINA					

For freight and passage and all general information, apply to

# H. Hackfeld & Co.

and of Hawaii, within six months from date, or they will be forever barred.

And all persons owing said estate are requested to make immediate payment to MARTHA N. SPENCER, Executrix of the Will of Francis Spencer, Deceased.

Dated Walmes, Hawaii, August, 6, IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH

Circuit of the Hawaiian Islands.

Order for a Special Term. By virtue of the authority vested in me by law, and deeming it essential to the promotion of justice, I hereby Order that a Special Term of the Circuit Court of the Fifth Circuit be convened at the Court House at Nawiliwili, Lihue, Island of Kauai, on

Wednesday, the 10th day of November,

1897, at 10 o'clock A. M. JACOB HARDY, Circuit Judge Fifth Circuit. Lihue, October 16th, 1897.

Approved: A. F. JUDD. Chief Justice Supreme Court. 4742-3t 1908-3t

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIFTH Circuit, Hawaiian Islands. In Pro- Friday .... Oct. 29 Friday .... Dec. 10 bate. In the matter of the estate of Tuesday ... Nov. 9 Tuesday ... Dec. 21 Jared Knapp Smith, of Koloa, Kauai,

thereof and for the issuance of Letters Testamentary to William O. Smith, Emma C. Smith and Anna Juliette Smith having been filed. Notice is herebey given that Saturday. November 13, A. D. 1897, at 10 o'clock A. M. in the Court House at

Lihue, is appointed the time and place for proving said will and hearing said application, when and where all persons interested may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. Tantea.

By the Court:

W. D. WISHARD,

Clerk Fifth Circuit pro tem.

1906-3tT ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Lihue, October 6, 1897.

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the Estate of Alexander Moore, deceased intestate, to present the same to the undersigned within six months from date or they will be forever barred. And all persons indebted to the deceased are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned at his office in Ho-DAVID DAYTON, nolulu. Administrator Estate Alex. Moore, de-

ceased intestate. Honolulu, October 18, 1897. 1908-5tT

## ADMINISTRATOR'S No.10E.

Those having claims against the estate of W. H. H. Halstead, deceased, are hereby notified to present their claims to the undersigned at Walluku, Maui, within six months from publication hereof and those indebted to sion Award 6450 to Kaunuohua no said estate to make immediate settlement of same.

L. M. BALDWIN, Coptic ....Nov. 25 Gaelic ....Nov. 19 Appointed Temporary Administra-R. Janeiro. Dec. 4 Aorangi... Nov. 26 Australia . Dec. 7 Moana ... Dec. 9 tor this 7th day of October, 1897, by J. W. Kalua, Esq., Circuit Judge Second Circuit. Aorangi .... Dec. 21 Australia .. Dec. 15

NOTICE OF ELECTION OF OFFI-

1906-4w

At the Annual Meeting of the Maui Fisheries Company, Limited, held at Wailuku, Maui, on September 6, 1897, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

SAM SING. Secretary. Wailuku, Maui, Sept. 6, 1897.

1902-4tT

NOTICE.

The California Fruit Market (P. G. Camarinos & Co.) will purchase all kinds of produce, fruits and poultry in either large or small quantities. Persons residing on Oahu or any of the other Islands having turkey, chickens, The undersigned, duly appointed ex- eggs, butter, oranges, limes, aligator ecutrix of the will of the late Francis pears or any other kind of marketable produce, fruits or poultry, can send ons having claims against the estate the same to them and get the market

Honolulu 7th Sept., 1897. 4707-tf 1897-tf

## TIME TABLE

-1897-

## S. S. KINAU,

Will leave Honolulu at 10 o'clock a.m., touching at Lahaina, Maalaea Bay and Makena the same day; Mahukona, kawaihae and Laupahoehoe the following day, arriving in Hilo the same after-

LEAVE HONOLULU. Friday .....Oct. 22|Friday ....Dec. \$ Tuesday .. Nov. 2 Tuesday .. Dec. 14

Tuesday ...Nov. 23 Will call at Poholki, Puna, on trips marked marked Returning, will leave Hilo at 8 o'clock a. m., touching at Laupahoehoe, Mahukona and Kawaihae same day; Makena, Maalaea Bay and Lahaina the following day, srriving at Honolulu the afternoons of Tuesdays and Fridays.

\*Friday ...Nov. 12 Thursday ..Dec. 23

ARRIVE HONOLULU. Tuesday ...Oct. 19 Tuesday ...Nov. 30

Friday ..... Nov. 19 Friday ..... Dec. 31 deceased.

The last Will and Testament of said deceased having been presented to said Court, and a petition for Probate thereof and for the issuance of Letilized distance.

Will call at Pohoiki, Puna, on the second trip of each month, arriving there on the morning of the day of sailing from Hilo to Honolulu.

The popular route to the volcano is the redistance.

tire distance Round-trip tickets, covering all ex-penses, \$50.

## S. S. HELENE.

FREEMAN, COMMANDER,

month.

No freight will be received after 4 p.
m. on day of sailing.
This company reserves the right to
make changes in the time of departure
and arrival of its steamers WITHOUT
NOTICE, and it will not be responsible for any consequences arising therefrom.

Consignees must be at the landings to receive their freight. This company will not hold itself responsible for freight after it has been landed.

Live stock received only at owner's

risk.
This company will not be responsible for money or valuables of passengers unless placed in the care of pursers.
Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before embarking. Those failing to do so will be subject to an additional charge of twenty-five per cent.
C. L. WIGHT, President.
S. B. ROSE, Secretary.
CAPT. J. A. KING, Port Superintendent.

## FOREIGN MAIL SERVICE.

Steamships will leave for and arrive om San Francisco or Vancouver on r about the following dates in 1897:

rom San Francisco For San Francisco

LEAVE

ARRIVE

or Vancouver- | or Vancouver-Ioana ....Oct. 21 Australia ..Oct. 20 Miowera ...Oct. 26 Peru ......Oct. 22 hina .....Oct. 28 Coptie.....Oct. 30 lelgic .... Nov. 6 Warrimoo ... Nov. 5 ustralia .Nov. 9 R. Janeiro.Nov. 9 lameda .. Nov. 18 Mariposa .. Nov. 11 Warrimoo. . Nov. 23 Australia . . Nov. 17

## ..... Miowera ... Dec. 24 CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S New York Line.

Mariposa .. Dec. 16 Doric ..... Dec. 10

Seking .... Dec. 25 China .... Dec. 19

The Bark FOOHNG SUEY will sail from New York for Honolulu ON OR ABOUT DECEMBER 1ST. If sufficient inducement offers. Advances made on shipments on liberal

terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby Street, Boston, or C. BREWER & CO, Ltd., Honolulu Agents.



AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

. NewspaperARCHIVE®

# field to the warehouse.

other varieties. Among the strange things that may

There are quite a few turtles to be ound on the shore of the island.

niua, diamond fish, uhu, etc. Eggs of any of the birds are edible. and they have more of the fishy taste and Punaluu. than one who has never tasted them before would imagine. Eggs of all

quarter to four inches, are abundant. The weather is exceedingly hot at times at the island during the summer months, but the nights are generally cool, owing to the constant trade

Life on the island is, as may be imthings, as one always keeps at work or Life, while there, is regularity itself. Brenkfast, work; dinner, work; supper, a short and agreeable chat with one's fellow-workmen: then a little

turning turtles.
This summer the weather was exceptionally fine on the island, with plenty of rain to always replenish the fresh water taken out of the casks. Rain-

Sea-sheels and other curios, outside

## A RECENT VISITOR.

## and appointed to can idea the sec-For placed on Thursday has a between personard. For placed on Thursday has a between personard. For Kap in personal James Makee | Verescor, 1st Division, Island of Oahu, two teams of their rest to be first or ax seem formed the ento constitute a October 18, -Mrs. J. Foster

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